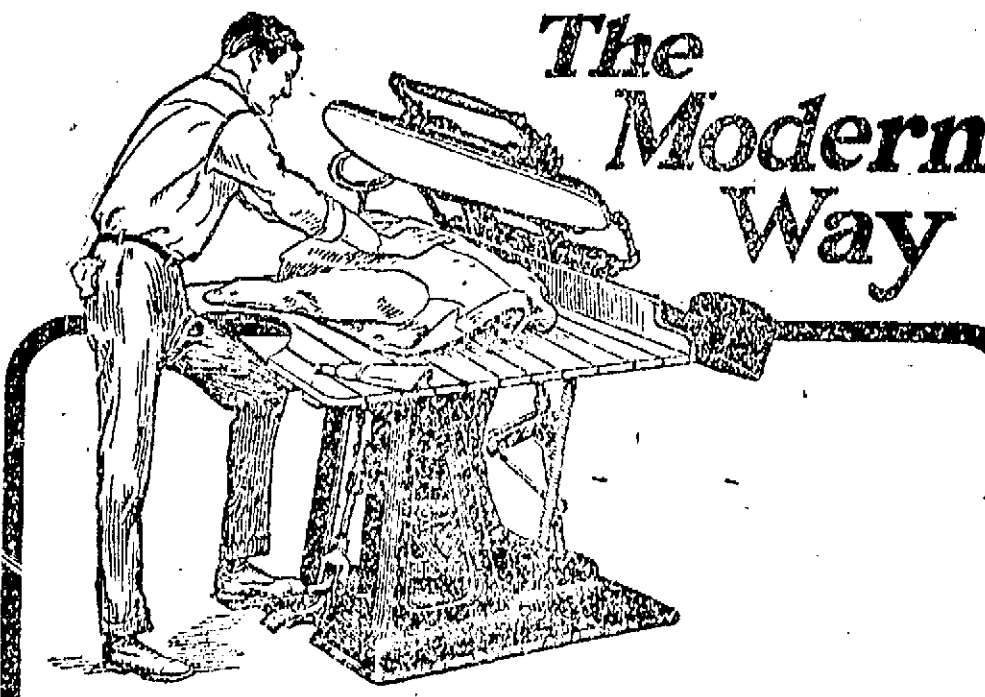






## The Modern Way



HAVE your clothes pressed on an American Steam Pressing Machine.

## SANITARY

We sterilize your suit with live steam and drive out all dust and dirt.

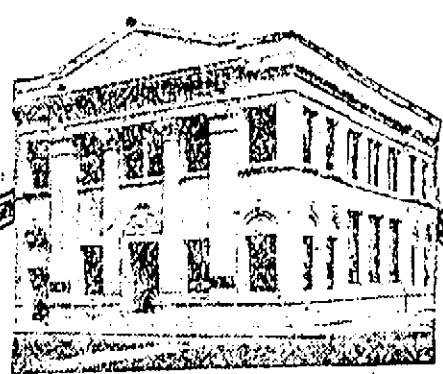
Steam pressing restores the "life" to your clothing—makes it look like new.

Keep your garments in good condition by having them pressed regularly—the modern way.

## Normington Brothers

Launderers and Dry Cleaners

Phone 387



## THE EARNEST EFFORT

Anyone who makes an EARNEST EFFORT to save money will succeed.

Effort that is indifferent is rarely successful. Earning a living is serious business and even that requires effort which is entitled to credit.

But why not put forth the best there is in us and have a little "saved up" money working for you besides your own efforts.

Think it over.

## Wood County National Bank

Grand Rapids, Wis.

SAFETY SERVICE

## Dodge Bros. Motor Car

## SPECIFICATIONS

Engine—30-55 H. P., 3-point suspension, unit power plant. 4-cylinder "L" head cast in block.  
Oiling—Pump and splash feed. Eccentric pump, driven by spiral gears from crankshaft.  
Cooling—Water. Circulated by centrifugal pump. Tubular radiator.  
Carburetor—Stewart—special design automatic air valve type.  
Ignition—Delco Distributor, automatic spark advance.  
Starter—12-volt North East single unit starter-generator. Willard 12-volt storage battery.  
Fuel System—Vacuum feed. Fuel tank at rear. Filled with gauge. Capacity 15 gallons.  
Control—Lovers in center of car, mounted on transmission case. Control lever on ball pivot with locking device for each speed.  
Instrument Board—60-mile speedometer. Oil pressure gauge. Locking, ignition and lighting switch. Current indicator. Carburetor air adjustment. Glove locker and instrument lamp.  
Transmission—Selective sliding gear type affording three speeds forward and one reverse. Two annular ball bearings. All gears chrome vanadium steel, heat-treated and hardened.  
Clutch—Dry multiple-disc—ball thrust release mechanism.  
Rear Axle—Full-floating spiral bevel gear type. Four bevel gear differential. Gears, chrome vanadium steel, heat-treated and hardened. Eight roller bearings used.  
Springs—Chrome vanadium steel. Front, semi-elliptic; rear, three-quarters elliptic.  
Steering Gear—Irreversible. Hardened steel worm and worm-wheel.  
Tires—Plain tread front. Non-skid tread rear.  
Wheelbase—114 inches.  
Windshield—Clear vision, rain vision, ventilating.  
Equipment—Electric horn; robe rail; foot rail; license brackets; tire pump; jack; tool kit; the carrier with demountable rim.  
Price—Touring Car or Roadster \$3785; Winter Touring Car or Winter Roadster \$5050; Sedan \$1185 (f. o. b. Detroit).

Car is now on floor in show rooms.

Come in and see it.

## MOTOR SALES CO.

Grand Rapids, Wis.

Show room and service station old Johnson &amp; Hill Building

## AUCTION SALE!

On the Ford, Phillips farm, one and one-half miles from Rudolph, Wis.

Tuesday, March 27th.

I have rented the farm and want to dispose of the following to make room for milk cows:

## TEN HEAD OF HORSES.

One Percheron mare 8 years old; one gelding 4 years old; one Morgan mare 11 years old; one mare 3 years old; one gelding 3 years old; three 2-year-olds and one yearling; one saddle pony 8 years old.

## 20 HEAD OF HOLSTEIN HEIFERS.

Ten are yearlings and ten are 2-year-olds.

Two set of work harness.

Sale starts at 1:30 p. m.

Terms of Sale—All sums of \$10 and under, cash. Over that amount the year's time bankable note bearing 7% interest.

R. B. OGILVIE, Owner.

Low Ross, Belleville, Auctioneer.

## FOR SALE!

I have on hand a number of light wagons and buggies that I will sell very reasonable. Come in and look them over. All kinds of Upholstering for autos and tops repaired.

## First Class Auto and Carriage Painting.

## Sweet's Carriage Works

Old Anderson Place near Court House



## ATTENTION!

Of course, madame, you're looking for a "perfect" flour; one that is uniform in quality and always of the highest grade of excellence—so try next time, a sack of VICTORIA, it'll meet every one of your demands for a flour that will produce perfect results always. "A 1" quality guaranteed.

## Grand Rapids Milling Co.

FOR SALE—House and two lots, east side 477 1st St. North. 3 blocks from city hall. Reasonable terms. Mrs. Ed Mahoney.

## ELECTION NOTICE

## INFORMATION TO VOTERS

The following instructions are given for the information and guidance of voters:

A voter upon entering the polling place and giving his name and residence will receive a ballot from the ballot clerk which must have indorsed thereon the names or initials of both ballot clerks, and no other ballot can be given. Upon receiving his ballot, the voter must retire alone to a booth or compartment and prepare the same for voting. A ballot clerk may inform the voter as to the proper manner of marking a ballot, but he must not advise or indicate in any manner whom to vote for.

If a voter wishes to vote for all the candidates nominated by any party he shall make a cross or other mark under the name of the party at the top of the ballot in the circle made for that purpose. A ballot so marked and having no other mark will be counted for all the candidates of that party in the column underneath, unless the names of some of the candidates of the party have been erased or a name shall be written in, or a cross mark be placed in the square at the right of the name or names of candidates in another column. If the voter does not wish to vote for all the candidates nominated by one party, he shall mark his ballot by making a cross or mark in the square at the right of the name of the candidate for whom he intends to vote or by inscribing or writing in the name of the candidate.

The ballot should not be marked in any other manner. If the ballot is spoiled, it must be returned to the ballot clerk, who must issue another in its stead, but no more than three in all shall be issued to any one voter. Five minutes time is allowed in booth to mark ballot. Unofficial or memorandum to assist the voter in marking his ballot can be taken into the booth, and may be used to copy from. The ballot must not be shown so that any person can see how it has been marked by the voter.

After it is marked it should be folded so that the inside cannot be seen, but so that the printed indorsements and signatures of the ballot clerks on the outside may be seen. Then the voter should pass out of the booth or compartment, give his name to the inspector in charge of the hall, and hand him his ballot to be placed in the box and pass out of the voting place. A voter, who declares to the presiding officer that he is unable to read, or that by reason of physical disability he is unable to mark his ballot, can have assistance of one or two election officers in marking same, to be chosen by the voter; and if he declares that he is totally blind, he may be assisted by any person chosen by him from among the legal voters of the county. The presiding officer may administer an oath in his discretion as to such person's disability.

The following is a facsimile of the official ballot:

Mark with a cross (X) in the [ ] at the right of the name of the candidate for whom you desire to vote, if it be there, or write any name that you wish to vote for in the proper place.

## FOR JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT

ROUJET D. MARSHALL

Mark with a cross (X) in the [ ] at the right of the name of the candidate for whom you desire to vote, if it be there, or write any name that you wish to vote for in the proper place.

## FOR STATE SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS

CHARLES P. CAREY

## FOR COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS

GEO. A. WARNEY

## WISCONSIN CLUB GIRLS INTERESTED IN CANNING

"Canning for Pleasure and Profit"

This is the title of the latest home economic publication issued by the Wisconsin agricultural extension service. This circular has been prepared to meet the demand for information on canning which are constantly received.

Such requests come from housewives who desire information about canning surplus fruits and vegetables for winter use, or for money-making purposes; from Wisconsin girls' clubs, the aggregate membership of which now amounts to about 3,000; and from rural school teachers who wish to give their pupils some elementary home making instruction.

The new publication contains directions for canning in glass or in tin by the cold pack method with the aid of either a home canner or a pressure canner. Advice is given as to the best way of preparing various fruits and vegetables for the can and a time table gives information about the number of minutes which they should be processed. Directions are also given for making the different syrups and liquors in which they are preserved.

A copy of the circular, No. 68, may be obtained on application to the dean of the College of Agriculture, Madison.

## RUSSIA HAS A CHANGE IN HER GOVERNMENT

While Russia has for many years been considered one of the most backward of the civilized nations, owing largely to the form of government that has held power there, just the opposite will appear when they are taking a great stride ahead, and that the time may not be far distant when they will rank with other nations of the world.

Czar Nicholas has abdicated the throne and the country is now under the power of the duma. It is considered a great victory for democracy, and the fact that the change was made by the people adds blood to the more satisfactory.

Some people were under the impression that the change might put Russia out of the war, but from telegraphic reports it would appear that just the opposite will occur, as the impression prevailed in the country that the czar and his party were favorable to Germany and were not pushing the war with the vigor that was desired by the people at large. It would seem like a pretty poor time for a country to change rulers, but possibly this time is better than no change at all. There is no question that the new government will appear more strongly to the common people than did the old one, as already there have been several reforms inaugurated that are for the benefit of the lower classes.

## WINNERS AT SKAT

The Elks held one of their regular skat tournaments at the club rooms on Tuesday evening, and the prizes were awarded as follows:

D. B. Philles, first, with 16 net points.

L. M. Nash, second, with 650 net points.

Mike Niles, fifth, with high hand of 100 points.

There were thirty-four players in attendance at the tournament, the number not being as large as some of the meetings have called out.

## CIRCUIT COURT ADJOURNED

Owing to the fact that it was almost impossible for the jurors to get to and from this city on account of the deep snow and weather conditions, Judge Park adjourned court last Friday and he and Mr. Morse returned to Stevens Point that evening. The session of the court in this city will be taken up again some time in May.

Nomination blanks for sale at the Tribune office.

## STATE TRUNK LINE BILL IS OUTLINED

Madison, March 19.—The Good Roads association of Wisconsin has issued from its headquarters in this city the following summary of the State Trunk Line Highway Bill which was introduced in the senate yesterday.

The joint committee on highways of the senate and assembly, after weeks of preliminary debate and study and the most careful drafting, has just reported out the bill providing for what will be known as the State Trunk Line Highway System. The report of the committee is unanimous, signed by the thirteen members, and it is expected that there will be little opposition to it in either house.

The bill in brief provides for the laying out of a state trunk highway system, not to exceed 5,000 miles, to later connect every county seat in the state. This system will be laid out by the state highway commission after hearings in different localities.

Under the plan, the state highway commission may be made a legislative committee, made up of three assemblymen and two senators, and their decision shall be final.

In the next five years the state will receive from the federal government for the building of this trunk line system \$1,925,416. Under the federal act the state is required to appropriate an equal amount. It is proposed to raise this amount and to provide the funds necessary for the maintenance of the system by increasing the automobile license fees to \$10 for each car.

Under the terms of the bill the counties of the state in the aggregate are required to provide an amount equal to that provided by the state. This means that two-thirds of the cost of this system will come from the federal government and the state and one-third from the counties.

The bill also provides for the maintenance of the trunk line system by the present county organizations and will be paid for out of the increased automobile license fees. The federal government will provide for the maintenance of the federal aid will be withdrawn.

The state and federal fund for building this system will be divided among the counties on the basis of road mileage, area and assessed value. Under the present state law the money is divided on the basis of assessed value, which gives the richer counties, like Milwaukee, a much larger proportion than under the new plan.

The trunk line bill merely marks the first step and the present state plan. That the financial outlay under the provisions of the bill is small is indicated by the fact that under its terms in a three year period, \$5,775,248 will be expended in the state for the trunk line system, the numbering of each of the roads and the issuance of a map of the system by the state.

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## FRED BEELL TO HAVE MATCH AT OMAHA

Marshall Times: This sounds good.

An Omaha news item has the following to say about one of Marshall's sterling men: Fred Beell, at the age of 42, is going out after the middleweight wrestling championship. Beell, in writing to friends here, stated that as soon as his wife recovers from an attack of pneumonia he will come here from his Wisconsin home to start training. Admitting that he is not the wrestler he was a decade ago when he defeated Frank Gotch, Beell says that he will have no trouble making 158 pounds and will win none at that weight. He expects to arrange bouts with Mike Yokel, Pat Brown, Chris Jordan and others of the middleweight division.

## KNIGHTS OF COLUMBUS LECTURE

The local Council of the Knights of Columbus has arranged with Mr. Jerome J. Crowley, an attorney of Chicago, to deliver an address before the audience that will be held at the opera house Wednesday evening, March 28.

Mr. Crowley is a graduate of Notre Dame and a law department of the University of Michigan at Ann Arbor. He has been a practicing attorney at the Chicago bar for the past seventeen years, and was for many years trial attorney of Cook county, and is a well known public speaker.

Those who had the pleasure last year of hearing Hon. E. J. Dunn of Iowa, who spoke under the auspices of the local knights, will remember the address with pleasure. Mr. Crowley is equally as eloquent a speaker as was Mr. Dunn and all who can possibly do so, should not miss the occasion of hearing Mr. Crowley.

The subject of the address will be "The Citizen Patriot," and besides the address there will be some musical numbers, including patriotic songs. The public is invited and is requested to accept the invitation of the local knights upon the occasion of Mr. Crowley's address.

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## STRANDED PEOPLE FED IN THIS CITY

One hundred and eighty-five

stranded travelers, men, women and children, all of them tired and hungry, especially hungry, was the condition of affairs that our people had to face last Friday when the train came in about 11 o'clock that morning. The Milwaukee road, a larger number of these travelers were members of the bankers and farmers excursion that had been to Madison to attend the meeting and were on their way home, with a sprinkling of ordinary every-day travelers who were caught in the snow blockade and unable to get anywhere. Some of the travelers were without money and unable to provide themselves with the necessities of life, and others who had money did not seem to be backward in accepting charity from the hands of our citizens, which was given out to them without stint regardless of the appearance or financial condition of the applicant.

The travelers had at first come as far as New Lisbon, and here they were stranded by the storm that was raging, and they were compelled to lie there about thirty hours. Food ran short in the fore part of the day, and prices began to soar, and the result was that many of the travelers were pulled to pay 30 cents for an egg sandwich, and those who had no money sat around the depot and looked as pleasant as was possible under the circumstances. However, the distress of some was relieved by the charity of others and notwithstanding the conditions, all of them came thru the ordeal alive.

Then on Friday morning the well come news came that a train was to be run thru to the north, and it actually did come thru as far as this city, arriving here at 11 o'clock in the forenoon. Some of the travelers were nearer home than they were before, but it was impossible for the train to proceed further than this city, owing to the blockade between Rudolph and Junction City. However, there was no objection on the part of our people to the travelers, and while some of them went to the hotels in the city, the others were fed by the Federation, with the assistance of the Elks and other organizations of the city. Sandwiches and coffee were taken to the train to relieve the immediate suffering of the marooned ones, and the latter were taken to the Elks and other places where they were served a square meal and made as much at home as was possible with the short notice that the boys had. One lady who had returned from the hospital at Rochester, Minnesota, where she had undergone an operation, but a short time before, was taken to the hospital in this city where she was given proper care, and others who were suffering from ailments were given medical assistance by our local physicians. The change from New Lisbon to this city was very marked, and the travelers were not slow in expressing their appreciation of the manner in which they were treated by our citizens.

In the meantime the Milwaukee road officials were making every possible effort to open the road north of the city, but owing to the drift and drifting snow,























# LOANS TO FARMERS UNDER NEW LAW AT 5 PER CENT

Washington, D. C., Mar. 21.—The farm loan board announced that the interest rate on all loans made to farmers throughout the country by federal land banks will be 5 per cent. A rate of 4 1/2 per cent on bonds to be issued by the land banks also was officially announced.

# WANT COLUMN

**WANTED**—Good girl for general housework. Mrs. Day Love.

**WANTED**—Experienced girl for general housework. Mrs. George Houston, telephone 692. 1t

**FOR SALE**—My 80-acre farm in Alton for sale or trade at \$10,000. Price \$2,800. F. W. Davis, R. F. D. 3.

**FOR SALE**—A practically new Edison Dictaphone, cost \$140.00, and will be sold for \$50. Call or address Dave Woodruff, Vesper, Wis.

**FOR SALE**—Six fresh milk cows, second and third calf. A. Westenberg, Bayou Farm, New Rome.

**WANTED**—Man of experience who understands driving and caring for a first-class car; also to do yard and garden work and take care of horse. Single man preferred. Send name, age, experience and address to L. George, Lock Box 11, Grand Rapids.

**FOR RENT**—Good house on 1st Ave. N. and two lots on 1st Ave. N. J. M. Nash.

**FOR SALE**—One 3/4 horse power engine in first-class condition; one 12-hp. screw cutting engine; one 200-egg incubator; one 200-egg brooder. All built by the best. Address Howard Dickson, City.

**FOR SALE**—Mrs. Mathews, owner of an improved farm of 20 acres 6 miles from city limits in the town of Saratoga, equipped with much personal property, including stock and farm machinery, desired to sell at once. If not sold by April first will rent to a good tenant. Apply to Geo. L. Williams, Grand Rapids.

**FOR SALE**—Seed barley. Also about 15 tons good mixed tame hay. A. E. Volfin, R. D. 2, or telephone 4 A 4, Rudolph.

**FOR SALE**—Two fine Percheron colts, one colts three years old, one colts four and one mare, two years old coming three. Sold reasonable. Albert Hamma, Grand Rapids, Wis., R. 2.

**FOR SALE**—Best northern Wisconsin cut-over lands and farms, 40 acres to sections, in the Fruit Belt. Best transportation, roads, schools and markets. Satisfactory terms. Call on or address F. Dunnecker, Manager, Bayfield Investment Association, Ashland, Wisconsin. Or write: Ashland National Bank Building, P. O. Box 100, Ashland, Wis.

**O. N. MORTENSEN, M. D.**  
Nash Block  
Grand Rapids, Wisconsin  
Office hours: 10 to 12 a. m.; 2 to 4 p. m.; 7 to 8 p. m.  
Phone: Office 307, Residence 828  
X-RAY

**A. H. FACHE, D. C.**  
CHIROPRACTOR  
Room 7, MacKinnon Block  
Grand Rapids, Wisconsin

If you are sick, the cause is in your spine. Take CHIROPRACTIC "SPINAL ADJUSTMENTS" and get well.  
Consultation hours: 9 to 12 a. m., 2 to 5 p. m.  
Phone 873  
Lady Attendants

**GEO. L. WILLIAMS**  
ATTORNEY AT LAW  
Office in Wood Block, over postoffice, Telephone No. 91. Grand Rapids, Wisconsin

**J. J. JEFFREY**  
LAWYER  
Loans and Collections, Commercial and Probate Law. Office across from Church's Drug Store. All Work  
Office phone 251. Residence 186

**O. R. MOORE**  
PHOTOGRAPHER  
Opposite First National Bank, 25 years behind the camera, but not a day behind the times.

**D. D. CONWAY**  
ATTORNEY AT LAW  
Law, Loans and Collections. We have \$2,000 which will be loaned at a low rate of interest. Office over First National Bank, East Side, Grand Rapids, Wisconsin

**W. Melvin Runkle, M. D.**  
Practice Limited to  
EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT  
Glasses fitted correctly. Ear and Eye Surgeon, Riverview Hospital, Office in Wood County Bank Building.  
Telephone No. 254.

**WELL DRILLING**  
We are prepared to do your WELL DRILLING at reasonable prices. We have two modern machines and will operate year 'round.

**Satisfaction Guaranteed**  
**CARL KRONHOLM**  
Phone 323 Rudolph  
Address Grand Rapids, Wis., R. 4

**COAL AND WOOD**  
The Best Grades at Reasonable Prices.  
CALL US UP AT  
Phone 416 or 5

**BOSSERT BROTHERS**  
WOOD AND COAL YARDS

# PAPERS FAVOR MARSHALL

The Times, Chilton, Feb. 3, 1917.—Nominations papers were circulated in this city for Justice D. D. Marshall who will be a non-partisan candidate for re-election at the spring election of Wisconsin at the spring election. Justice Marshall has served on the bench since 1895 and is recognized as an able member of that body. This is a fact which is signed in this vicinity by people of all parties who believe in keeping the courts out of politics.

The Advance, Bloomer, Feb. 8, 1917.—Advocate to expectations, the nomination of Justice D. D. Marshall, secured by W. C. Owen for the supreme court justiceship, is not devoid of some court jurisdiction. Justice Marshall is feeling the unequalled support of many prominent men of all factions, while the newspapers of the state are almost unanimously in support of the sitting judge. This is as it should be, for there is no justification for the fact that Justice Marshall is a non-partisan candidate.

The Democrat, Madison, Jan. 19, 1917.—Justice D. D. Marshall's proposed re-election to succeed himself on the supreme bench April 2nd, is a privilege to sign his name to as an expression of approval of his able, conscientious and unselfish devotion to public service. The highest tribute that may be paid to our judiciary is that we take for granted that judges shall, or should, be re-elected without question. We content ourselves with the thought that it is the duty of the people to elect the best man to see to it that the just and fearless judge give no worry to his tenure of office.

After years of active practice at the bar, Judge Marshall was called to serve both as county judge and as circuit judge in the eleventh circuit. While circuit judge he was advanced to the supreme bench by the death of Chief Justice Orton. Twice he has been elected to succeed himself. Such recognition is a tribute to his ability and his high character. Judge Marshall's re-election will receive the hearty approval of all who are interested in the state's judiciary. It is a pleasure to see that his re-election is so unanimous. It is a pleasure to see that his re-election is so unanimous. It is a pleasure to see that his re-election is so unanimous.

**KILLNER**  
Mr. and Mrs. Nick Tosenhalt entertained a number of friends at a card party Tuesday evening.

Mr. Gouger is spending the week at Milwaukee. Miss Lillian Getzoff was operated on at the St. Mary's hospital at Watons last Saturday. The last report was that she was getting along very nicely.

Mr. and Mrs. Adam Rosenthal of Florist are visiting at the Nick Rosenthal home.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Ray of Hancock were visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Munroe one day last week. They home one day last week. They home one day last week.

Mr. Sernau and daughter returned from Chicago one day last week.

The Ketterer saw-mill will begin work on March 26.

Eric Getzoff left for Wausau last Thursday to consult a specialist in regard to his health.

There will be a basket social at the school house, Dist. No. 1, Friday evening, March 23. All are invited.

Mrs. Turbin, Sr. returned home last week from an extended visit in Milwaukee.

Miss Ella Gauke is spending the week at Grand Rapids.

David Ramsey of Saratoga visited over Sunday with J. W. Ramsey.

**SARATOGA**  
Born, to Mr. and Mrs. John Johnson, Wednesday, March 14, 1917, a daughter.

Mrs. Peter Knutson spent a couple of days last week with relatives in Grand Rapids.

Emmett Knutson, of Grand Rapids, spent a couple of days with home folks here.

Miss Martha Shore arrived home to visit for a time with her parents.

Alfred Bernier of Grand Rapids visited with his brother Walter Monday.

Miss Anna Peterson, a student at the Wood County Normal is spending a week with her parents.

The banks were given by the two schools at the Chester school house was well attended and enjoyed by all.

Most of the farmers are busy getting up a sawing for their next year's wood.

George and John Anderson delivered a load of pork and veal to Grand Rapids on Thursday.

G. Lamp left on Tuesday for a two week visit with his two brothers in Montana. If he likes it he may leave there this spring.

Henry and Val Weber's new touring car arrived from Chicago last week. George Weber expects an auto truck any day now from Chicago.

**YOUR SALARY SHOWS**  
what you are worth to your employer, but your Savings Bank Book shows what you are worth to yourself and family. Are you saving a part of your income each month? If not, you should.

Open a Savings Account Today

**First National Bank**  
GRAND RAPIDS - WISCONSIN

**COAL AND WOOD**  
The Best Grades at Reasonable Prices.  
CALL US UP AT  
Phone 416 or 5

**BOSSERT BROTHERS**  
WOOD AND COAL YARDS

# 1916 ROAD WORK IN THIS COUNTY

\$78,203.61 Available for Road Work in 1917—\$8,079.25 For Bridges

A copy of the annual report of Wood County Highway Commissioner Louis Anderson for the year 1916 has been received. Among other things the report gives the work of last year and reviews the work of the year and views available by the amount of money for road and bridge work for this year, the total of which for roads is \$78,203.61, for bridges \$8,079.25, and for town and village road and bridge funds.

A review of last year's road and bridge work in the towns and villages in this section as contained in the report follows:

**Town of Auburndale**  
The grading work east of the village of Auburndale, on the Yellowstone Trail was continued from the town of Milladore in the month of August and finished on the 9th day of September. Under the day of the system and foreman of John H. Morgan. The culvert work was handled by P. H. Zimmerman.

The grading and culvert work in the northern corner of the Town of the Yellowstone between sections 5 and 8 and 4 and 9 was let by contract to August Mews and was completed in the month of October.

On account of the bend in a creek between sections 5 and 8, Mr. Mews had to rip-rap and widen the road all on the north side to a certain distance for the sum of \$200. The County State Road and Bridge Committee agreed to the additional cost, while circuit judge to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Chief Justice Orton. Twice he has been elected to succeed himself. Such recognition is a tribute to his ability and his high character. Judge Marshall's re-election will receive the hearty approval of all who are interested in the state's judiciary. It is a pleasure to see that his re-election is so unanimous. It is a pleasure to see that his re-election is so unanimous.

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# EVERY ITEM NEWS FOR SOMEBODY

Community Events of the Past Week from Various Parts of the County

**SARATOGA**  
Born, to Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Riegan, a daughter, Sunday, March 18. Olaf Hansen had the misfortune to break one of his fingers this week. Victor Hansen was tendered a surprise party Saturday evening, the occasion being his birthday. At a late hour refreshments were served. Burton Evans was a Grand Rapids visitor Monday.

Anna Peterson and Irene Lundberg are visiting at home this week. There will be church services at the Union church April first by Rev. Johnson. Everybody cordially invited. Why not try and come.

Everett Schulz of Chicago has returned home and will stay with his parents for the coming year. The farmers in this vicinity have been about as usual this winter, and the snow goes away it will not be anything new to take hold of two plow handles.

**NEW ROME**  
(Too late for last week)  
Mr. and Mrs. Sam Cheeseman and son Loring from Denzil, Saskatchewan, Canada, have made a brief visit with Mr. and Mrs. L. Cheeseman, the two brothers having not seen each other since two years. Mr. and Mrs. Cheeseman have traveled since the 22nd of December, having visited relatives at their home in St. Louis, Illinois and Clinton, Michigan. They left Monday for their home in Canada.

The basket social given by the Chester and Ross schools last Friday night was well attended and a very neat sum of money cleared. A splendid program was rendered, and the old songs and songs by Ralph Roberts was enjoyed by all.

Mrs. Albert Seeger, Jr. who had a severe attack of pneumonia, is better at this time. Mrs. Cheeseman entertained the Roman's club last Saturday evening in honor of the Canada visitors. George Lundquist and Winifred Lundquist were the guests of the day. They will work the coming summer.

Everett Irwin was a Sunday visitor at the Ingraham home.

**BIRON**  
James Klappa was in our burg one day last week on business. The driver must be alive with other, for there never was so many seen as many as 15 to 18 seen nearly every time the past week.

A number of the men at the mill have been laid off on account of the shortage of pulp wood for the month of March. The Biron Park Club held a meeting one night the past week for the purpose of devising ways and means of raising money for the coming year. The club has returned from the hospital and is back to work again.

A. L. Akey took in the fair at the Grand Rapids Tuesday last, and repaid a small attendance and light business. Mrs. Akey was on the sick list the past week.

Arthur Spaulding, Alfred Benson and Wm. Scott are on the sick list this week.

F. H. Eberhardt and Earl Akey were in Grand Rapids Saturday on business.

John Johnson is in receipt of a letter from his nephew, Charles, in Sweden, and he reports that everything is fine and happy with him and that he expects to start soon for good old Wisconsin.

Chas. Juneau was at Rudolph a few days the past week visiting with his mother.

John Pagen and Joe Reimer were business visitors in Grand Rapids one day last week.

Mrs. W. J. Pobart and daughter Blanche of Milwaukee, who have been visiting relatives here for the past two weeks, have returned to their home.

Mrs. James Rhy of Grand Rapids visited in our burg a few days the past week.

Emil Shank called on his brother Fred and family last Sunday.

Frank Shank who lives in his brother Emil, is having a good time in Milwaukee for the coming spring and summer.

**SHIRAZ**  
Miss Lugene Whitney was home for a short visit with friends, returning to her studies at Grand Rapids on Monday.

Raymond Thomas came from Manitowish to see his mother, Mrs. Wm. J. Pagen, on Monday.

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**RUDOLPH**  
Miss Mada Haumschild who has been an efficient clerk at the Kujawa store for the past three years, has resigned her position. Emil Russell, son of Frank Russell of Park Falls, surprised his aunt, Mrs. K. J. Marsau, at Friday he was on his way home to Fond du Lac.

Traffic was delayed for two hours on Friday when fifteen teams got bunched up on the K. J. Marsau hill. There were six loads of gravel, two loads of sawdust and eight small rigs. The snow was so soft and so deep on the hill that the men had to work to shovel the road so they could get the loads.

Will Anfert is hauling material to build a house on the land he bought of Charles Fox.

R. A. Wagers sold a silo to a party near Junction City one day the past week.

N. C. Ratelle and R. A. Wagers drove to Milladore and Junction City Friday.

That was certainly some job, but not very agreeable one, that some smart guy put over on George Marsau, in last week's paper. George was at home all day and accordingly could not very well have been married in Grand Rapids on the day of the wedding. But they all missed the wedding dance.

The first of April Lawrence Omholt severs his connection with Kujawa & Wilkins and will run the George Plitz hardware store in the town of Wausau, who is employed at Mosinee, spent the past week at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Nick Marsau.

Mrs. J. J. Rayome of Grand Rapids visited in our burg one day the past week. Mrs. Rayome returned last Thursday evening from Grand Rapids where she had been visiting for several days.

Wm. Coenen was a business caller in Wausau last Thursday.

Pearl Clark of Grand Rapids spent Saturday at home.

Irvin Rayome returned last Thursday evening from Grand Rapids where she had been visiting for several days.

Our graded school was flying a new flag for the first time on Monday, it having recently purchased by the school board.

Miss Vida Sharkey of Grand Rapids spent Sunday at home.

Prof. Chittard was a Grand Rapids visitor Saturday.

Theresa Hoover returned to her work at Coenen's store after being laid up with a sore hand for the past month.

Mr. and Mrs. Harold Clark went to Grand Rapids Friday night where they will make their future home.

Alvera and Nora Jensen and Gladys Ratelle were shopping in Grand Rapids Saturday.

Ed Sharkey returned home Saturday from Boulder Junction where he has spent the winter.

Mr. and Mrs. Bertram Stratton departed Friday night for their home in Grand Rapids after a week's visit at the home of the latter's brother, Dr. Jackson.

Percy Mullenbach spent Sunday at his home in Port Edwards. He also visited his father who is confined in the hospital in Grand Rapids.

Mrs. Jones of Park Falls is visiting her daughter, Mrs. R. A. Wagers. Fred Plitz, drawn by one of the jurors from Grand Rapids, began "court" last Monday.

Nick Marsau and family have moved to Mosinee where they will live on a farm.

Grover Akey has rented the Ed Sharkey place, who has been working for Selmer Hassell, is at home again.

Nick Ratelle and brother Arsene and son Leo took one horse, one calf and eleven head of cows to Grand Rapids on Tuesday of last week for a stock buyer who had been thru these parts buying stock to ship to Maryland.

Mrs. T. H. Shattuck went to Grand Rapids last Saturday noon to spend several weeks with her sister, Mrs. N. J. Richards.

Chas. Inis is suffering with an attack of the shingles.

Leo Mox of Grand Rapids spent Sunday here.

Charles Hassell, John M. Johnson and Robert Ogilvie attended the Farmers-Bankers convention at Madison last Monday.

Mrs. Merritt Dennison will entertain the Moravian Ladies' Aid society on Thursday afternoon, March 29. The men folks are cordially invited to come.

Why Jesus died, died and ascended, and why Protestants do not celebrate Mass, will be considered in the sermon at 2:30 p. m. Last church on Sunday evening at 2:30 p. m. Last church on Sunday evening at 2:30 p. m. Last church on Sunday evening at 2:30 p. m.

There were 74 voters at the caucus at Rudolph on Monday. The following nominations were made: Chairman, Joe Reimer; Vice Chairman, Joe Peters; Geo. Casberg and Paul Juneau, Clerk; Frank Miller and Geo. Rivers, Assessors; John Joesten, Treasurer; Wm. P. Pagen, Secretary.

Chas. Juneau has been visiting home folks in Rudolph since last Sunday.

**SHERY**  
(Too late for last week)

The town caucus was held at the town hall Monday afternoon.

Brie Dille of North Pond du Lac visited here with friends over Sunday.

Thos. Davis of Waukegan is visiting at the home of D. E. Davis and family.

The Misses Lugene Whitney and Ida Davis of the Wood County Training School, visited in this vicinity recently.

Rev. and Mrs. A. O. Dove of Milwaukee are visiting here. Mr. Dove preached at the Presbyterian church last Sunday forenoon and delivered a rousing temperance lecture Tuesday evening.

The Ladies' Missionary society gave their quarterly supper in the church parlor Tuesday evening. The postoffice at Blenker was moved the past week from John Blenker's store to Wm. Letson's.

Several new families have moved into our neighborhood from the south and western part of the state. We welcome them and hope they will like us as our neighbors and induce more to come here to make their home.







**LOCAL ITEMS**

Jensen & Ebbe received a carload of Ford touring cars from Milwaukee Monday.

Judge R. N. Pomeroyville is still confined to his home with an attack of rheumatism.

Mrs. Alfred Grignon and daughter of Superior are visiting at the home of her mother, Mrs. George Cole.

Mrs. Louis Podratz submitted to an operation for appendicitis at the Riverview hospital on Saturday.

**Goggles, Brazeau & Goggles**  
**ATTORNEYS AT LAW**  
Office in the Mackinnow Block on the West Side, Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.  
Telephone No. 104

**A. J. CROWNS**  
**ATTORNEY AT LAW**  
Mackinnow Block. Phone 836  
Grand Rapids, Wisconsin

**J. R. RAGAN**  
Licensed Embalmer and Undertaker  
House phone No. 69, Store 312, Spafford's building, East Side. John Brinser, residence phone No. 435.

**GEO. W. BAKER & SON**  
Undertakers and Licensed Embalmers  
North Second Street, East Side, Grand Rapids, Wis. Business Phone 401. Night calls, 402

**W. E. WHEELAN**  
**ATTORNEY AT LAW**  
Office in Daly Block, East Side. Telephone No. 243. Grand Rapids, Wis.

**W. T. LYLE**  
Licensed Embalmer and Funeral Director  
Store on West Side  
Lady Attendant if Desired  
Night Phone 836. Day Phone 835

**DR. J. K. GOODRICH**  
**OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN**  
Entrance west of Bank of Grand Rapids. Office hours: 9 to 12, 2 to 5, 7 to 9

**ORSON P. COCHRAN**  
**PIANO TUNER**  
Best work guaranteed. Call telephone 223 or at the house, 447 Third Avenue North.

**Wash Away Skin Sores**

To the many sufferers of skin disease D. D. D., the liquid wash, has become a household word. They know it is reliable and they can depend on it. They do not know it is recommended by the best of doctors. It has proved itself a remarkable remedy for all forms of skin disease, from the most delicate skin to the most stubborn and obstinate. If you are a sufferer from skin disease, including ulcers, pimples, eczema, or any other skin ailment, wash with D. D. D. and you will find it the most effective and reliable remedy for your skin disease. It is the most effective and reliable remedy for your skin disease. It is the most effective and reliable remedy for your skin disease.

**D. D. D. The Standard Skin Remedy**  
J. E. DALY, DRUGGIST.

**Stomach Germs**

One Dose of Mayr's Wonderful Remedy Drives Them Out—Ends Torture.

Stomach poisons breed millions of germs that eat into your vitals, causing gas pressure, indigestion, constipation, torpid liver, auto-intoxication, yellow jaundice, gall stones, appendicitis, cancer and ulcers of the stomach and intestines, etc., etc. Thousands of sufferers have been restored by Mayr's Wonderful Remedy, among them Justices of the Supreme Court, congressmen, doctors, lawyers, bankers, ministers, nurses, farmers, mechanics—persons of every class—probably your own neighbors. Stomach troubles poison due mostly to catarrh of the stomach. Mayr's Wonderful Remedy removes that poison, thoroughly cleanses the system, drives out the disease breeding germs, allays inflammation and ends suffering. Unlike any other remedy. No alcohol—nothing to injure you. One dose convinces. FREE book on Stomach Ailments. Write Geo. H. Mayr, Mfg. Chemist, Chicago, or obtain a bottle of Mayr's Wonderful Remedy from Otto's Pharmacy, or any reliable druggist, who will return your money if it fails.

**Pay by Check**

**Have a Record This Year**

Mr. Farmer—This year you should have a record of all sales and purchases, loans and interest payments.

It isn't necessary that you keep a set of intricate books to do this—**OPEN A CHECK ACCOUNT AT THIS BANK.**

Make all deposits here, pay all bills by check, and WE'LL DO THE BOOKKEEPING FOR YOU.

We furnish all check-books, deposit-books and slips without charge.

**Bank of Grand Rapids**  
West Side

**Shoes**

New lasts in medium weight black and tan, some with fancy tops—just right for a stroll. **\$3.50 to \$6.50**

**Neckwear**

A forerunner of just what to wear—they smack of new grass and opening buds. **25c to \$1.00**

And for underneath, Sox, Underwear and all the other necessities for the complete wardrobe. We know they are right, so will you.

**ABEL & PODAWILTZ CO., Inc.**  
MYER FRIDSTEIN, Pres.  
"Your Money's Worth or Your Money Back"  
GRAND RAPIDS, WIS.

The many friends of Mrs. Frank Carey will be pleased to learn that she will be able to leave the hospital at Milwaukee on Friday and expects to return home with her husband next Tuesday.

Miss Cella Podratz, who is employed as a trimmer in a millinery store at Kaukauna, arrived in the city on Tuesday to be with her mother who submitted to an operation last week for appendicitis.

John Murray, who has had charge of the Singer Sewing Machine company's interests in this city for some time past, has resigned the position and expects to leave in the near future for Eldorado, near which place he will go farming.

Mr. and Mrs. Max Eberhardt entertained a party of friends Friday afternoon in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Yetter of Roseau, Minnesota. The afternoon was spent in a very pleasant manner by those in attendance and at 6 o'clock a dinner was served that was thoroughly enjoyed by all.

A. E. Hart returned on Tuesday morning from Michigan where he had been on a business trip. Mr. Hart reports that he had no trouble over in Michigan with the snow there not being near as much over in that section of the country as there is here.

Wallace Miller who recently took charge of the Conway farm in the town of Rudolph, was among the business visitors in this city Tuesday. Mr. Miller comes from the southern part of the state near Edgerton, and is a practical farmer and ought to do well in his new location.

Dr. Geo. R. Houston, C. F. Kellogg, A. J. Hasbrouck, Andrew Sears, Surgeon, Lacey Horton, Dr. C. F. Bandelin, C. F. LaBour, A. U. Marvin and M. N. Weeks were in Stevens Point on Thursday evening to attend the inspection of the Knight Templar Commandery.

Marshallfield Times: Mrs. E. B. Redford of Grand Rapids was in Marshallfield Saturday and Sunday waiting for a train home. She had spent part of the week in Appleton and finding that there were no trains into Grand Rapids by way of the Green Bay road she came to Marshallfield via the Soo. She left Monday for home.

The remains of Simon Langowski were taken to Stevens Point, Wisconsin, and buried there. Langowski was a resident of that city for a number of years before coming here to make his home with his daughter, Mrs. and Mrs. G. Mickelson, and son Dave. Mrs. G. Mickelson and Miss Elma Lutz accompanied the remains to Stevens Point.

Marshallfield Herald: J. C. Kieffer, president of the fair association writes the Herald that he has received a \$50 donation from Montgomery, Ward & Co. of Chicago towards paying for the breeders barn built last summer at the fair grounds. It is a very nice of the Montgomery, Ward & Co. and a little money is needed. He can get blood out of a turnip.

The city council at Merrill has appropriated the sum of \$42,000 for the improvement of their high school in that city. It is stated that the present high school is entirely inadequate to supply the needs of the attending scholars and that it will be necessary to make extensive improvements to meet the situation. With the amount of money appropriated it should be possible to make very extensive improvements.

B. E. Walters, editor of the Moline Times, favored the Tribune with several pleasant calls while in this city last week. Mr. Walters came in over the Milwaukee road on Friday morning with a couple hundred others who had been marooned at New Lisbon for about thirty-six hours and was then compelled to lie on the train ate up everything in the town at starvation was staring them in the face, when the railroad company managed to get one train thru to this city. While Grand Rapids was not there, it was the most home-like place they had seen for some time, and there was no danger of starving.

The old-fashioned girl who went to a fortune teller to find out if her future husband would be a rich man, now has a daughter who goes to Dun's or Bradstreet's for the same purpose.

Mrs. Thos. Bratton has been seriously ill the past three weeks.

Ray Dudley has been confined to his bed the past week with a severe attack of the grippe.

George Grignon of Texas arrived in the city Wednesday evening for a week's visit with his son.

Mrs. F. P. Daly has a carload of pianos of the latest designs, just arrived, which she will be glad to show you.

Mrs. L. M. Slatterer returned the first of the week from a week's visit with her daughter, Bernadette, at Mosinee.

Wm. Barney, who resides on rural route No. 4, near the city limits, was among the business callers at the Tribune office on Wednesday.

Mrs. J. H. McAllister, who has been visiting her daughter Mrs. G. J. Kaude, during the past month, left for her home in Chicago on Wednesday.

Joseph H. Casper of Beloit, Wisconsin, spent several days in the city this week, having been here by the death of his sister, Mrs. Peter Relland.

Mrs. Kate Kammerer has been in Milwaukee the past week taking treatment at Sacred Heart Sanitarium. It is expected that she will be here for several weeks yet.

Mrs. F. P. Daly has a carload of pianos of the latest designs, just arrived, which she will be glad to show you.

Mrs. Edgar Kellogg entertained a party of friends on Tuesday evening in honor of Mrs. Albert Natwick. The evening was spent in a very pleasant manner, the affair ending up with refreshments.

Emil Schiller returned Wednesday from Charleston, North Dakota, where he spent three weeks visiting his brother Henry who was recently hurt by a fall from a horse. Mr. Schiller had three ribs broken.

Notice Times: Two members of the clover leaf crowd, Messrs. Fladvis and Peterson of Daney, became tired of the uncertainty and waiting at Grand Rapids, and started Saturday morning to walk home, a distance of twenty-four miles. They arrived home late that evening, somewhat wet and travel-stained, but otherwise fit as a fiddle.

Marshallfield Times: Former Mayor and Register of John A. Hoffmann who has been in a serious condition the past few weeks is at the present time recovering. The last few days he has been sitting up for a few hours in his condition is noticeable. All of the relatives who were present when he was dangerously ill have returned to their homes.

Principal Paul G. Keller of the Appleton high school who was tried in the municipal court of that city for the ridiculous alleged offense of too strongly supplementing "moral tuition" with the real article, in compelling a bunch of boys, bent on leaving the building, was acquitted of the charge on Tuesday. Judge Henry Kreiss, who presided, gave the youngsters some old fashioned wholesome advice: "You should attend your school instead of disgracing it and yourself and uphold your alma mater instead of dragging it in the dust," declared Judge Kreiss in lecturing Miller. "You should appreciate the great gift your parents bestowed upon you by giving you the privilege of receiving the diploma from the Appleton high school. You boys who were expelled from school for the ridiculous alleged offense you could have obtained in life." The court in exonerating Prof. Keller declared that instead of whipping the boy with his hand or showing him out of the building, he should have had in his possession a rawhide whip and laid it on until the flesh broke, as a reminder that actions of such sort would not be tolerated in the school.

**CARD OF THANKS**

We wish to thank our friends and neighbors for the many kind acts and their sympathy and assistance during the illness and after the death of our beloved relative, Mrs. F. P. Daly. Also for the many beautiful floral offerings that were sent.

Peter Relland and Son,  
Mr. and Mrs. Joe Relland.

**SPRING EXPOSITION!**

You are cordially invited to attend an unusually complete showing of **Men's and Young Men's Wearing Apparel**

It is an interesting display of the newest and really distinctive styles—all "full value" and "money back" merchandise. You will find the best efforts of the foremost makers of Men's Wear tastefully displayed.

**SUITS**

Some very new models in both the ultra-smart for the young man and the more conservative for his senior. Mixtures and solids in a large variety.

**\$15.00 to \$30.00**

**HATS**

Very new blocks, really up-to-the-minute shapes in the most approved styles.

**\$2.50 to \$4.00**

**OVERCOATS**

Latest designs in lined and unlined, shower-proof and cravenette, tight and loose back. A sure-to-please assortment of dependable garments.

**\$13.50 to \$25.00**

**SHIRTS**

In keeping with the season—the finest assortment you have ever seen—colors and materials galore.

**\$1.00 to \$5.00**

**Shoes**

New lasts in medium weight black and tan, some with fancy tops—just right for a stroll. **\$3.50 to \$6.50**

**Neckwear**

A forerunner of just what to wear—they smack of new grass and opening buds. **25c to \$1.00**

And for underneath, Sox, Underwear and all the other necessities for the complete wardrobe. We know they are right, so will you.

**ABEL & PODAWILTZ CO., Inc.**  
MYER FRIDSTEIN, Pres.  
"Your Money's Worth or Your Money Back"  
GRAND RAPIDS, WIS.

**ELECTION NOTICE**

**INFORMATION TO VOTERS**

The following instructions are given for the information and guidance of voters:

A voter upon entering the polling place and giving his name and residence will receive a ballot from the ballot clerk which must have indorsed thereon the names or initials of both ballot clerks, and no other ballot can be used. Upon receiving his ballot, the voter must retire alone to a booth or compartment and prepare the same for voting. A ballot clerk may inform the voter as to the proper manner of marking a ballot, but he must not advise or indicate in any manner whom to vote for.

If a voter wishes to vote for all the candidates nominated by any party he shall make a cross or other mark under the party designation printed at the top of the ballot in the circle made for that purpose. A ballot so marked and having no other mark will be counted for all the candidates of that party in the column underneath, unless the names of some of the candidates of the party have been erased, or a name shall be written in, or a cross mark be placed in the square at the right of the name or names of candidates nominated by one party, he shall mark his ballot by making a cross or mark in the square at the right of the name of the candidate for whom he intends to vote or by inserting or writing in the name of the candidate.

The ballot should not be marked in any other manner. If the ballot be spotted, it must be returned to the ballot clerk, who must issue another in its stead, but no more than three in all shall be issued to any one voter. Five minutes time is allowed in both to mark ballot. Unofficial or memorandum to assist the voter in marking his ballot can be taken into the booth, and may be used to copy from. The ballot must not be shown so that any person can see how it has been marked by the voter.

After it is marked it should be folded so that the inside cannot be seen, but so that the printed indorsements and signatures of the ballot clerk on the outside may be seen. Then the voter should pass out of the booth or compartment, give his name to the inspector in charge of the ballot box, hand him his ballot to be placed in the box and pass out of the voting place. A voter, who declares to the presiding officer that he is unable to read, or that by reason of physical disability he is unable to mark his ballot, can have assistance of one or two electors who are marking same, to be chosen by the voter; and if he declares that he is totally blind, he may be assisted by any person chosen by him from among the legal voters of the county. The presiding officer may administer an oath in his discretion as to such person's disability.

The following is a facsimile of the official ballot:

FOR JUSTICE OF THE PEACE	
FOR ALDERMAN First Ward	
FOR SUPERVISOR First Ward	
FOR ALDERMAN Second Ward	
FOR SUPERVISOR Second Ward	
FOR ALDERMAN Third Ward	
FOR SUPERVISOR Third Ward	
FOR ALDERMAN Fourth Ward	
FOR SUPERVISOR Fourth Ward	
FOR ALDERMAN Fifth Ward	
FOR SUPERVISOR Fifth Ward	
FOR ALDERMAN Sixth Ward	
FOR SUPERVISOR Sixth Ward	
FOR ALDERMAN Seventh Ward	
FOR SUPERVISOR Seventh Ward	
FOR ALDERMAN Eighth Ward	
FOR SUPERVISOR Eighth Ward	

JOS. WHEIR, JR.,  
City Clerk.

**HEMLOCK**

**You Can BUILD THIS HOUSE**

Very easily, at low cost by using **Old Faithful HEMLOCK**

Hemlock is out for service—before you build as well as during the long life of your Hemlock house. It is "Old Faithful" from beginning to end, we were going to say "end," but that's too far off. Hemlock buildings generations old are in good condition and use today.

The home illustrated is one out of several (some for town, some for country) for which we will gladly supply specifications and working

**PLANS FREE**

Send to "The Hemlock Manufacturers," Oshkosh, Wis., for Book 1 (Town Houses) or Book 2 (Farmhouses) or both. Present the COUPON, which is in the book, to us and get the working plans and specifications you want FREE with our compliments. HEMLOCK is out for SERVICE as well as good lumber—and so are we.

**KELLOGG BROS. LUMBER CO.**

Everything in Quality Lumber and Building Material

Grand Rapids, Wis.







## MAY ADJUST LABOR AND PAY FOR WOMEN

STATE INDUSTRIAL COMMISSION IS INVESTIGATING EMPLOYMENT CONDITIONS.

### EIGHT-HOUR LAW IS FAVORED

Minimum Wage Question Will Be Taken Up—Hearings to Be Held in Different Cities of Wisconsin.

Madison—The Wisconsin industrial commission has a big program of operations scheduled in investigating the eight-hour labor for women. Members of the commission have been holding hearings in Milwaukee recently and these investigations will be conducted in different cities of the state.

It is the purpose of the commission to secure such data as will enable it to take action on the eight-hour proposition and in order to secure this, industries and employments for women generally will be investigated.

Peculiarly, in connection with the work the commission is now doing in the way of investigation, Commissioner Beck seems to indicate that the commission in Wisconsin has already arrived at conclusions favorable to the eight-hour work law for women. As stated in interviews conducted by the commission, Beck is quite specifically in favor of the Wisconsin commission favoring the eight-hour requirement.

This interview was commented upon here, because, if the commission had arrived at conclusions the necessity of holding further investigations and devoting time to the proposition seemed not only futile for the commission but to those appearing before it.

Coupled with the eight-hour proposition is the minimum wage for women question. As soon as the commission reaches conclusions upon the first, it is probable that investigations will be made of the wage question. The commission has full power to act in initiating the eight-hour law.

### GUARD READY FOR SERVICE

4,500 Men and Officers Could Be Mobilized in 24 Hours, Says Salsman.

Madison—The Wisconsin National guard, consisting of 4,500 men and officers, could be mobilized at Camp Douglas or any other central point in the state within twenty-four hours, according to Adjutant General John G. Salsman said. They would be ready for active service within a short time after being mobilized, he continued.

No instructions or directions respecting plans for quickly mobilizing the guard had been received from the war department at Washington and none are needed, the general said. Under their obligations, trained during their service on the Mexican border, the members of the guard enlisted for a term of six years, three years on the active and three years in the reserves. As a result of their physical examination and enlistment at that time the members of the guard can be returned to federal service without taking any further examination or going through the formalities of re-enlistment. The pure reserve for the federal service is also ready and there is no reason why the guard can not be speedily thrown into the field for federal service, if necessity arose, Gen. Salsman said.

### FARMERS EXPECT BIG YEAR

Because of High Prices More Grain Will Be Planted This Year Than Ever Before.

Milwaukee—Wisconsin farmers anticipate the greatest agricultural year in the history of the state, according to George D. Bartlett, secretary of the Wisconsin Farmers' association, who attended the recent farmers' and bankers' conference at Madison. More than 600 farmers and seventy-five bankers attended.

"Because of high prices, increased demand and the great shortage everywhere, Wisconsin farmers will plant great quantities of wheat, barley, oats and other grains this year," said Mr. Bartlett. "Land which has heretofore been given over to hay will be planted with grain."

Mr. Bartlett also told of a movement to increase the number of cattle in northern Wisconsin and said the Cattle Loan company has been formed to provide capital for the new train of the Wisconsin Bankers' association and the University of Wisconsin Agricultural college will be sent through the state on a two-weeks' tour, beginning March 24.

### New Bill on Weight of Bread

Madison—The senate committee on state affairs drafted a new bill on the weight of bread to be sold in this state. The bill recognizes two standard weights, loaves weighing one pound and loaves weighing a half a pound.

### Engage Park Director

Sheboygan—J. F. Darnier, a graduate of the forestry department of the University of Michigan, has been engaged as superintendent of parks here.

### Auditorium Is Leased

Ripon—The new municipal auditorium has been leased by the common council to the Associated Theaters company of Chicago. The new show house will be formally opened to the public about April 1.

### Block to Be Rebuilt

Madison—The Deers block which burned several weeks ago is to be rebuilt, construction to start in the near future. The new building will be two stories.

### Plan Concrete Highway

Black River Falls—A meeting was held here to consider the building of a concrete road from Black River Falls to Melrose, a distance of eighteen miles. This proposition was looked upon favorably by the farmers and business men, as well as by the officials.

### Receive Fire Truck

Neenah—The city's new \$5,000 auto fire truck has arrived and will be put into commission soon.

### WANTS \$10,000 BOND ON EACH AND EVERY AUTO

Madison—A bill is pending before the legislature which provides that before any automobile license is issued, the person applying for a license shall give a bond of \$10,000 to the state to protect the public against any damage done by his machine. Some enterprising mathematician in the legislature has figured out that with the 150,000 automobiles in the state, something like \$15,000,000 would be tied up in automobile protection. It is not likely the measure will become a law.

### VOTE TO LIMIT LEGISLATURE

Amendment to Shorten Session Favored by Judiciary Committee. Move to Raise Salaries.

Madison—This assembly committee on judiciary has reported for passage by a majority vote of the committee, the resolution introduced early in the session for a constitutional amendment which shall place a limit of 100 days on Wisconsin legislative sessions. The committee has also reported for passage by a unanimous vote a substitute resolution for the various resolutions which have been presented as a basis for constitutional amendment to increase the pay of the members.

The joint resolution which proposes that, if the people endorse the measure, members of future legislatures after the amendment is incorporated in the constitution, shall receive higher pay, provides that at least \$1,000, and the committee estimates the legislature itself shall fix.

The fact that four of the judiciary committee members dissent from the report of the majority of the committee for a constitutional amendment placing a limitation on the length of the session, means that there will be a fight on the floor of the measure, and that there will be a strong attempt to prevent the passage of the resolution.

### WILL CONSIDER BIG BILLS

Many Important Measures Will Come Up Before Legislature Committees During Present Week.

### ACT ON INTER-INSURANCE

Measure Drafted by Commissioner Cleary Follows Investigation Conducted Last Year.

Madison—The big department bill for the regulation of the inter-insurance companies was sent to engrossment in the house. This measure requires inter-insurance to carry as large a reserve as it requires of other insurance companies.

Inter-insurance companies doing workmen's compensation business must have on hand a minimum reserve of \$100,000. If the company is doing other classes of business it must have \$50,000 reserve.

The bill was drafted by Insurance Commissioner M. J. Cleary and is wholly the outgrowth of an investigation conducted before the department last year.

Assemblyman E. A. Everett, Eagle River, moved a reconsideration of the vote by which the assembly sent to engrossment the Hart bill, prohibiting the use of trading stamps in Wisconsin.

The assembly refused to reconsider the vote by which it killed the Pieper bill. It designed to engross the new resident hunting license fee from \$10 to \$25.

The Rogers bill, requiring the transportation of children living at long distances from the consolidated school, was sent to engrossment. On motion of assemblyman Carl Hansen the assembly killed the Smith bill which would create a board of examiners to license persons in the practice of embalming.

Register for Training Corps.

Madison—Thirty-five upper class students have already registered for membership in the Reserve officers' Training Corps at the University of Wisconsin. Twenty-five of these students are from Wisconsin towns and cities. One instructor, of the staff of the College of Engineering, has also registered for membership.

### Portage Educator Resigns

Portage—The board of education is looking for a new superintendent of schools following the announcement of J. W. T. Amers for the last four years head of the local school system, that he would not accept an increase in salary. The position has been offered to Paul Neumann of New Richmond, Wis.

### Smallpox Is Discovered

Grantsburg—The schools have been closed here, while pupils are being vaccinated following the discovery of several mild cases of smallpox.

### Cost of Jail Food Up

Green Bay—The ever increasing price of foodstuffs has affected the county jail. Sheriff Smith has been allowed to pay 50 cents a day for feeding inmates, has been granted a fee of 60 cents by the county board.

### Delinquent Tax Small

Neenah—A total of \$130,000 has been collected here in taxes. The amount of delinquent tax will not be over \$4,000.

### Prizes for Gardeners

Stevens Point—The First National bank has offered \$50 and J. W. Dunagan, cashier, and Director A. R. Week have offered additional sums to start a prize fund for a gardening contest here this season.

### Find Aged Man Dead

Grand Rapids—Elmer J. Langosky, 86 years old, was found dead in front of the home of his daughter, Mrs. David Lutz. Death was due to a stroke of apoplexy.

### Doctor Gets Five Year Sentence

Madison—Dr. N. J. Hamilton, Madison physician, convicted in connection with the air-bubble death of Mrs. Grace Haskell, New London, Wis., was sentenced to five years in the state penitentiary at Waupun.

### Take Man in Shooting Case

Kenosha—Sam Hurt sought by the police in connection with the shooting of Samuel Powell at the home of Mrs. Mary Oamaro here, was arrested by local police officers.

## MYSTERY EPIDEMIC IS BLAMED ON MILK

GALESVILLE MALADY DIAGNOSED AS SEPTIC SORE THROAT BY HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

### SIX DIE; 200 ARE VICTIMS

Ninety-five Per Cent of Infected Persons Obtained Their Milk Supply from Same Herd—Cows Are Examined.

Madison—Septic sore throat is the laboratory diagnosis of the sudden epidemic, which already has claimed 600 victims in Galesville and taken a toll of six lives. Ninety-five per cent of the infected persons obtained their milk supply from the same herd of twenty-six cows on a dairy farm near there. The milk from each cow was examined individually at the La Crosse city health laboratory. The milk of five cows showed streptococcus infection, one was suspicious, and twenty were free of the organism. The six cows under surveillance were segregated from the rest and their milk supply cut off.

This summarizes the situation as reported to the state board of health by its deputy, Dr. G. W. Henkle, Madison, who with Dr. F. W. Thompson, deputy state health officer for the western district, and Dr. J. M. Furstman, La Crosse, member of the state board, took charge after the epidemic broke out.

Several of the 200 persons now suffering from the malady are dangerously ill, but with the shutting off of the infected milk supply the further spread of the disease will probably be prevented. The situation is regarded now as well under control.

Similar epidemics have occurred in Baltimore, Concord, N. H., Chicago and elsewhere.

### WILL CONSIDER BIG BILLS

Many Important Measures Will Come Up Before Legislature Committees During Present Week.

Madison—Many bills of major importance will be considered by committees of the legislature during the week. In addition to heavy calendars are the bills for the state and the assembly will also act on from twenty-five to fifty measures daily.

All bills dealing with workmen's compensation are on the calendar for a joint hearing in senate and assembly committees. Every detail of these measures comes in for close inspection and the work moves slowly.

The finance committee will hear arguments on the road bonds bill. The Hanson bill relating to fish and game laws will also be taken up. Speaker Whitely's bill to revamp the central board of education also will be considered during the week. The socialists will ask that the measure be amended to provide in the membership two representatives of labor.

Assemblyman Young's bill to submit the repeal of the primary law to a referendum vote of the people will be heard by the assembly committee on elections. The house committee on taxation will discuss the Otto bill for the abolition of town assessors and the creation of a county assessor in all counties except Milwaukee county.

Senator George B. Skogmo has completed a measure. The legislature will be asked to make an appropriation of \$50,000 to start the work. Senator Skogmo proposes to give to the marketing department power to rule prices.

### FAVOR HOSPITAL DRY ZONE

Measure Indorsed by Board of Control Ordered Engrossed in Assembly.

Madison—A bill establishing a two-mile dry zone around the state hospitals at Oshkosh and Madison was engrossed in the assembly by a vote of 71 to 17, the measure having the indorsement of the board of control which from time to time parols insane patients at these institutions.

Assemblyman Schiewitz, Milwaukee, offered an amendment to extend the law to all county institutions where insane persons are treated. It was pointed out by the opposition that this would go to the question of prohibition in many places in the state and the amendment was rejected.

Assemblyman Poor's joint resolution to raise the public debt limit for the purchase of public utility bonds in the city of Milwaukee being 5 per cent, was killed, 40 to 49.

By a vote of 53 to 34 the house passed the Gamper bill to repeal the section of the state fire insurance law, which permits insurance in the fund of county, town, village and school districts buildings.

### Choose Postoffice Site

Madison—The proposed new \$550,000 postoffice building here will be erected in the northeast side of Monona avenue between Doty and Wilson streets. The treasury department has requested the condemnation of the property at this point to provide a site.

### Loyalists Win Santiago Clash

Santiago, Cuba, March 20.—The first skirmish between government forces and rebels since the landing of loyal troops at Santiago was won on Saturday by the soldiers of President Menocal.

### Serves 30-Second Sentence

Freepoint, Ill., March 17.—After hearing testimony in the case of George Reitzel, indicted for violation of the Mann act, Judge Landis sentenced him to sit for 30 seconds in a chair and then the judge freed him.

### U-Boat Films Algonquin

Plymouth, Eng., March 17.—Pictures of the Algonquin, showing the American flag flying at its stern and painted on both sides, were taken by the German submarine commander before the Stars and Stripes were hauled down.

### R. H. McCormick Is Dead

Chicago, March 18.—R. H. McCormick, Chicago capitalist, died at Augusta, Ga. He was seventy years old. Mr. McCormick was a grandson of Robert H. McCormick, inventor of the McCormick reaper.

### O. G. Murray of B. & O. Dies

Baltimore, Md., March 18.—Oscar G. Murray, chairman of the board of directors of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad and former president of the system, died here. He was seventy years of age and unmarried.

### Plan Separate School

Stevens Point—The board of education has decided to secure sketches for a new separate building to be used as a unit in a later larger high school instead of building an addition to the present high school structure.

### Sportsmen Form Club

Neenah—Sportsmen in this vicinity are to organize a club to promote hunting and fishing. The object of the organization will be to see that the fish and game laws are enforced.

## NOT AN APRIL FOOL JOKE, EITHER!



## AMERICAN SHIP SUNK MORE U. S. WARSHIPS

STEAMER ALGONQUIN BLOWN UP BY GERMAN U-BOAT.

Vessel Is Shelled Without Warning—Submarine Refused to Aid Victims of Bomb.

London, March 16.—The American steamer Algonquin has been destroyed by a German submarine. The crew was saved, J. C. Stephens, the American consul at Plymouth, reported on Wednesday.

The Algonquin was a freighter. It was sent down at six o'clock on the morning of March 12. The submarine refused assistance, the consul's report said.

Twenty-seven men have been landed. According to later advices from Plymouth, the German submarine opened fire upon the Algonquin from a distance of 4,000 yards, firing about 20 shells.

These were not enough to sink the steamer, so it was boarded by men from the submarine, who placed four bombs and the Algonquin was blown up. The crew were given plenty of time to leave the vessel.

"It was just after daylight on Monday when we were attacked," said the captain of the Algonquin.

"There was no warning. The submarine started fire at a range of three miles. When about 20 live shells had been fired at the Algonquin, of which four hit the ship forward, the crew decided to take to the boats.

"Then the submarine approached, and, with only its periscope showing, sailed around the steamer several times. Finding that the crew had abandoned the ship, the submarine came to the surface.

"Some of the Germans boarded the Algonquin and placed bombs aft. These were exploded, and within a quarter of an hour the steamer disappeared.

"I appealed to the submarine commander for a tow toward land, in view of the roughness of the weather, but the German gruffly replied: 'I am too busy.'

New York, March 16.—The Algonquin sailed from this port on February 20 with a cargo valued at \$1,250,000. The ship itself was appraised at \$450,000. It was commanded by Capt. A. Norberg, a naturalized Norwegian.

### FOUR DIE WHEN HOME BURNS

Scottish Home for the Aged at Riverside, Ill., Destroyed—Thirty-Three Hurt.

Chicago, March 20.—Four aged persons were burned to death and thirty-three others were injured in a fire which early Sunday morning destroyed the Scottish Old People's home near Riverside. The loss was placed at \$30,000. The dead: Mrs. Janet Grennack, seventy-three; William McPherson, sixty-two; Thomas Louit, seventy-six; William Robertson, eighty.

The fire was discovered at 2:30. Within fifteen minutes, just as the fire department arrived, the last of the women was taken to safety. Rescue work was slow because of the heavy smoke.

### 2 INTERNED GERMAN SHOTS?

Sailors of Raider Kronprinz Wilhelm Wounded by U. S. Marines at Philadelphia, Says Report.

Philadelphia, March 17.—Two sailors of the interned German raider Kronprinz Wilhelm at the Philadelphia navy yard were shot and wounded by United States marines, according to a report, during a fight on the deck of the vessel Thursday night. The story was denied at the navy yard hospital and the commandant's office would not discuss it.

Queen Asks Women Aid War.

London, March 20.—Queen Mary attended a big fundraising held in Albert hall to stimulate women's service in the war. Austen Chamberlain, secretary of state for India, was one of the principal speakers.

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## RAILROAD STRIKE IS DECLARED OFF

CONCESSION OF EIGHT-HOUR DAY TO EMPLOYEES AVERTS NATIONWIDE TIEUP.

### ADAMSON LAW HELD VALID

U. S. Supreme Court Declares Act of Congress to Be Constitutional—International Crisis Hastens Settlement.

Washington, D. C., March 20.—The United States Supreme court on Monday upheld the Adamson eight-hour law.

New York, March 20.—The railroads have met the latest demands of the Adamson eight-hour law and thereby averted the threatened nationwide strike, with the country on the verge of its most serious crisis.

Patriotism, swayed to its height by the sinking of three American vessels, brought from the railway managers' committee on Monday the announcement that they would accept the brotherhood chiefs' demands rather than give the impression at home or abroad that the efficient operation of the country's railways will be hampered or impaired in the face of its latest peril.

The railroads surrendered completely, leaving their end of the adjustment entirely in the hands of President Wilson's mediation board. A joint committee is to thrash out the minute details.

The railway managers' agreement with the brotherhoods to put into operation the eight-hour day, on a ten hour pay basis, with pro rata pay for overtime, means approximately \$1,000,000 a week added to the pay rolls of the railroads. Thirteen million dollars extra back pay, dated from Jan. 1, when the Adamson law was to have become effective, will be distributed among 400,000 trainmen.

The decision means that the brotherhoods have won an important victory, although it does not bring them all their original demands.

### Text of the Agreement

The following agreement was signed by the railway managers' committee and the brotherhood chiefs:

"In all road service, except passenger, where schedules now read: 'Our hundred miles or less, nine or ten hours, or less, overtime at ten or eleven miles per hour,' eight hours or less for a basic day, and twelve and a half miles per hour for overtime for the purpose of computing overtime to be paid for at not less than one-eighth of the daily rate per hour. In all yards, switching and hostling service, where schedules now read 'ten, eleven or twelve hours or less shall constitute a day's work,' insert 'eight hours or less shall constitute a day's work at present ten hours pay.'"

"Overtime to be paid for at not less than one-eighth of the daily rate per hour.

"In yards now working on an eight hour basis, the daily rate shall be the present ten hours' standard rate with overtime at one-eighth of the present standard daily rate."

"In case the law is declared unconstitutional, eight hours or less at present ten hours' pay will constitute a day's work in hostling service."

"In passenger service the present mileage basis will be maintained. Road yards now having a flat ten-hour day in passenger service, the rule will be amended to read 'eight within ten hours.'"

"For all classes of employees in short turn around passenger service, where the rule now reads: 'eight within twelve hours,' it will be amended to read 'eight within ten hours.'"

"For such territory as has no number of hours for a day's work in short turn around passenger service, the eight within ten hours rule applies."

"Overtime to be paid for at not less than one-eighth of the daily rate per hour."

"The general committees on individual roads may elect to retain present overtime rules in short turn around passenger service, or the foregoing provisions, but may not make a combination of both to produce greater compensation than is provided in either basis."

"In the event the law is held to be unconstitutional if the foregoing settlement is inconsistent with the decision of the court, the application will be adjusted to the decision. If declared unconstitutional, the above stands with all the provisions as written."

"The foregoing to govern for such roads, classes of employees and classes of service represented by the national conference committee of the railways."

"The schedules, except as modified by the above changes remain as at present."

### Glass Making an Old Art

Among the Romans the art of glass making does not date earlier than the beginning of the empire, but as far back as 53 B. C. the theaters had been decorated with mirrors and glass plates.

### A Good Time?

People are always being misunderstood; especially the man whose end of showing a friend a good time is to take him out in a racing car and hand him the scare of his life.

### Too Much for Him

"What killed Green? He always looked healthy to me." He tried to follow according to the rules for attaining longevity that a ninety-year-old man gave to a reporter on a Sunday newspaper.—Life.

### Entertaining Eye

"How did you get such a bruised eye, Rastus?" "Well, boss, I was out lookin' for trouble, an' da yere eye was the first to find it!—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

### Devotion

Alice—Why are you taking up botany? Kitty—Because my fiancé is interested in a plant of some kind and I want to be able to converse intelligently with him about his business.—Brooklyn Citizen.

### Who Will Offer a Baby?

"I wish I had a baby brother—the real kind, a kid to ride in my go-cart, mamma," said little Lola. "My dolls are always getting broke when it tips over."

## BRITISH WIN TOWNS TREATY IS KILLED

BAPAUME, NESLE, CHAULNES AND PERONNE AMONG THE VILLAGES CAPTURED.

### BERLIN ADMITS BIG RETREAT

English Troops Enter Foe's Positions to Depth of Ten Miles on Front of About Forty-Five Miles—French Continue Drive.

London, March 20.—British troops, continuing their rapid advance on the heels of the retreating Germans, have occupied the important towns of Nesle, Chaulnes and Peronne, says an official report issued here.

Along a front of about 45 miles they have entered the German positions to a depth of ten miles in places. In addition the British have taken more than 60 villages.

Berlin officially admitted the loss of the above strongholds, as well as Bapaume and Roye. The Germans are still retreating and fighting rear-guard engagements. While the allies are sweeping forward in pursuit of the Germans a gigantic battle of warplanes is in progress for air mastery on the Franco-Belgian front. German aviators have shot down 22 allied planes, while the French claim the destruction of nine hostile machines.

The capture of Peronne by British troops is announced in a Reuter dispatch from British headquarters in France.

"The German retreat has been continuous throughout the night, and the area covered by it has spread very widely," says the dispatch. "News has just been received of our troops entering Peronne."

"Favored by fine weather and drying ground, our columns everywhere are pressing the retreating enemy."

"The scenes of activity behind the enemy lines eclipse even the busiest days of the Somme offensive."

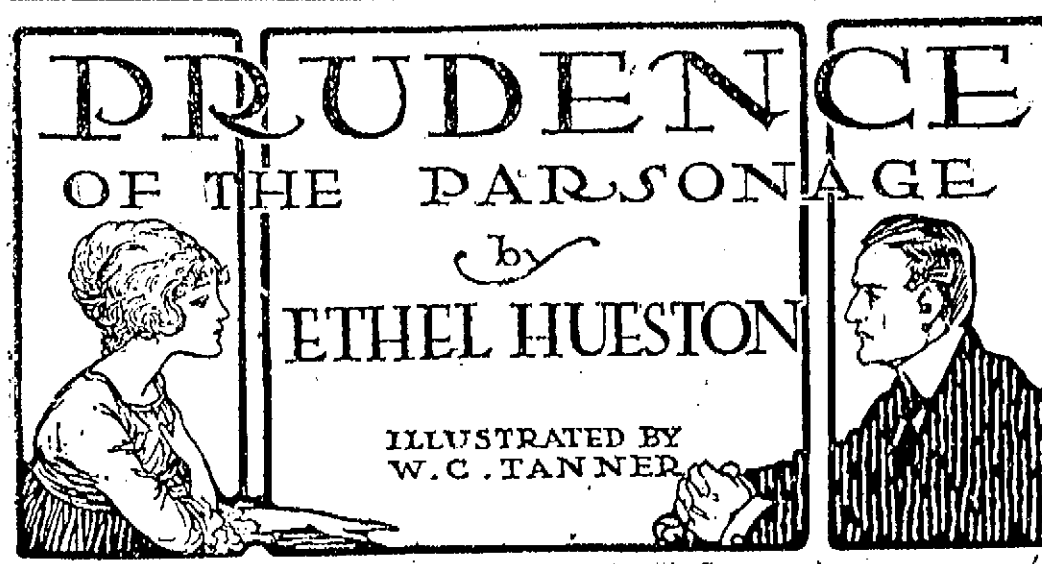
"The spirit of the troops is one of demonstrative enthusiasm."

[Peronne was one of the strongholds of the Germans on the Franco-Belgian front. It is a town of about 4,000 on the Somme, and is of strategic importance on account of its railway and high









## PRUDENCE OF THE PARSONAGE

by ETHEL HUESTON

ILLUSTRATED BY W. C. TANNER

(Copyright, by the Bobbs-Merrill Company.)

Mr. Starr's heart sinks when he discovers Jerrold Harmer and Prudence exchanging tender glances and soft words.

### CHAPTER IX—Continued.

He went upstairs to obey, with despair in his heart. But to the girls, there was nothing strange in this exactness on the part of Prudence. Jerrold Harmer was the hero of the romance, and they must unite to do him honor. He was probably a prince in disguise. Jerrold Harmer was a perfectly charming man. It was really a shame that America allows no titles—Lord Jerrold did sound so noble, and Lady Prudence was very effective, too. He and Prudence were married, and had a family of four children, named for various stars, before one hour had passed.

"I'll begin my book right away," Lark was saying. She and Carol were in the dining room merrily polishing their Sunday shoes, what time they were not performing the marriage ceremony of their sister and the hero.

"Yes, do! But for goodness' sake, don't run her into a mule! Seems to me even Prudence could have done better than that."

"I'll have his automobile break down in the middle of the road, and Prudence can run into it. The car would run an inch without it."

"Yes, that's good," said Carol approvingly. "It must be a sixty-cylinder, eight horse power—tonneau or something real big and costly."

"Twins! You won't be ready," warned Prudence, and this dire possibility sent them flying upstairs in a panic.

"Who the girls, bubbling over with excitement, were dressing for the great event, Mr. Starr went downstairs to sit with Prudence. Carol called to him on his way down, and he paused on the staircase, looking up at her.

"Lark and I are going to use some of Fairy's powder, father," she said. "We feel that we simply must on an occasion like this. And for goodness' sake, don't mention it before him! It doesn't happen very often, you know, but today we simply must. Now, don't you say anything about falling in the flour barrel, or turning pale all of a sudden, whatever else you do. We'd be so mortified, father."

Mr. Starr was concerned with weightier matters, and went on down to Prudence with never so much as a reproving shake of the head for the worldly-minded young twins.

"Father," began Prudence, her eyes on the lace coverlet. "Do you think it would be all right for me to wear that silk dress gown of mother's? I need something over my nightgown, and my old flannel kimono is so ugly. You know, mother said I was to have it, and—I'm twenty now. Do you think it would be all right? But if you do not want me to wear it—"

"I do want you to," was the prompt reply. "Yes, it is quite time when you are wearing it. I'll get it out of the trunk myself. Then as he turned toward the door, he asked carelessly, "Is he very good-looking, Prudence?"

And Prudence, with a crimson face, answered quickly, "Oh, I really didn't notice father."

He went on upstairs then, and presently Fairy came down with the dainty silk gown trimmed with the soft lace. "I brought my lavender ribbon for your hair, Prudence. It will match the gown so nicely. Oh, you do look sweet, dear! I pity Jerrold Harmer, I tell you, that he must hurry and marry you."

But with her foot on the bottom stair, she paused. Her sister was calling after her. "Send father down here, quick, Fairy."

Father ran down quickly, and Prudence, catching hold of his hands, whispered wretchedly, "Oh, father, he—he is good-looking. I—I did notice it. I didn't really mean to lie to you."

"There, now, Prudence," he said, kissing her tenderly. "You mustn't get excited again. I'm afraid you are too nervous to have calls. You must lie very quietly until he comes. That was no lie, child. You are so upset you do not know what you are saying today. Be quiet now, Prudence. It's nearly time for me to come."

"You are a dear good father," she cried, kissing his hands passionately. "But it was a lie. I did know what I was saying. I did it on purpose."

And Mr. Starr's heart was heavy, for he knew that his fears were realized.

CHAPTER X.

Roused from Her Slumber.

At twenty minutes to four, the parsonage family clustered excitedly in the sitting room, which the sunshine flooded cheerily. They were waiting for the hero of Prudence's romance.

"Oh, Larkie, will you run upstairs and bring my lace handkerchief? Would you keep these pearls on, Fairy, or would you take them off?"

"I would keep them on, Prue. You do look so sweet, but your face is very flushed. I am afraid you are feverish. Maybe we had better not let him see Prue today, father."

"No, I remember now. We were talking of other things all the time," he turned frankly to Mr. Starr. "Per-

"Fairy!" exclaimed Prudence. "Listen, listen, girls! Look, Fairy, and see if that is he! Yes, it is, I know—I can tell by his walk." Warm rich color dyed her face and throat, and she clasped her hands over her heart, wondering if Connie beside her could hear her tumult.

"I'll go to the door," said Father Starr, and Prudence looked at him beseechingly.

"I—I am sure he is all right, father. I—I will be nice to him, won't you?" Without answering, Mr. Starr left the room. He could not trust his voice.

"Listen, girls, I want to hear," whispered Prudence. And she smiled as she heard her father's cordial voice.

"You are Mr. Harmer, aren't you? I am Prudence's father. Come right in. The whole family is assembled to do you honor. The girls have already made you a place in disguise. Come back this way. Prudence is resting very nicely."

When the two men stepped into the sitting room, Prudence, for once, quite overlooked her father. She lifted her eyes to Jerrold Harmer's face, and waited, breathless. Nor was he long in finding her among the bevy of girls. He walked at once to the bed, and took her hand.

"My little comrade of the road," he said softly, but with tenderness. "I'm afraid you are not feeling well enough for callers today."

"Oh, yes, I am," protested Prudence with strange shyness.

He turned to the other girls, and greeted them cordially. He was entirely self-possessed. "Miss Starr told me so much about you that I know you all to begin with." He smiled at Fairy as he added, "In fact, she predicted that I am to fall in love with you. And so, very likely, I should, if I hadn't met your sister first."

They all laughed at that, and then he walked back and stood by Prudence once more. "Was it a bad sprain? Does it pain you very badly? You look tired. I am afraid it was an imposition for me to come this afternoon."

"Oh, don't worry about that," put in Connie anxiously. "She wanted you to come. She's been getting us ready for you ever since the doctor left. I think it was kind of silly for me to wear my blue just for one caller."

The twins glared at her, realizing that she was contradicting the parsonage, but Jerrold Harmer laughed, and Prudence joined him.

"It is quite true," she admitted frankly. "The mule and I disagreed the parsonage this morning, and I wanted the rest of you to witness it this afternoon." She looked at him laughingly. "Then you had another coat?"

"No, I didn't. I saw this one in a window this morning, and couldn't resist it. I bought it."

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haps you have heard of the Harmer Automobile company of Des Moines. My father was Harvey Harmer. Two years ago, when I was running around in Europe, he died. It was his desire that I should personally take charge of the business. So I hurried home, and have had charge of the company since then. We are establishing sales agencies here and in Burlington, and several other towns. I came out for a little trip, and took advantage of the opportunity to discuss the business with our new men. That's what brought me to Mount Mark."

For the first time in her life, Prudence distinctly triumphed over her father. She flashed him the glance of a conqueror, and he nodded, understanding. He liked Jerrold Harmer, as much as he could like any man who stepped seriously into the life of Prudence. He was glad that things were well. But—would he excuse him, he must look after his Sunday's sermon.

A little later the twins and Connie grew restless, and finally Connie burst out, "Say, Prue, don't you think we've upheld the parsonage long enough? I want to get some fresh air." The twins would never have been guilty of such social indiscretion as this, but they gladly availed themselves of Connie's "break," and followed her out-of-doors. Then Fairy got up, laughing. "I have done my share, too. I think I'll leave now. Prue, I want to write to Aunt Grace. I'll be just at the head of the stairs, and if Prudence wants me, you will call, won't you, Mr. Harmer? And won't you stay for dinner with us? I'm sure to disgrace the parsonage again, for I am no cook, but you can get along for once, surely. We spend more time laughing when the food is bad, and laughter is very healthful. You will stay, won't you?"

Jerrold Harmer looked very eager, and yet he looked somewhat doubtfully at Prudence. Her eyes were eloquent with entreaties. Finally he laughed, and said, "I should certainly like to stay, but you see I want to come back tomorrow. Now, will I dare to come back tomorrow if I stay for dinner tonight? Wouldn't Connie say that was disgracing the parsonage?"

Fairy laughed delightedly. "That is very good," she said. "Then you will stay. I'll try to fix it up with Connie to save the reputation of the house."

No, they did not quite poetry, they did not discuss the psychological intricacies of spontaneous attraction, they did not say anything deep, or wise, or learned. But they smiled at each other, with pleased investigating eyes. He put his hand on the coverlet, just near enough to touch the lace on the sleeve of her silk dressing gown. And together they sank paradise in the shabby sitting room of the old Methodist parsonage that afternoon.

Do you believe in long engagements between lovers? Aren't engaged couples able to become well enough acquainted after six months to marry and make as much of a success of the partnership as if they had waited two or three years?

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

COPPER IS ALASKA'S STAPLE

Shipments of Metal to United States New Run Far Ahead of Canned Salmon and Gold.

Sales made by Alaska to the United States in the fiscal year 1918 aggregated nearly \$50,000,000, according to a report on the copper industry in Alaska for that period, just issued by the bureau of foreign and domestic commerce of the department of commerce. No longer do salmon and gold occupy the first places among Alaska's export staples, having given way to the export of copper, which in the present fiscal year had a total value of \$26,488,000, compared with \$5,182,000 in 1915, and \$9,870,000 in 1914.

Gangway Launching for Boats.

The hazardous method of lowering lifeboats into rough water alongside ships in disaster has inspired many inventors to perfect life-saving apparatus that would be really safe.

Among the scores of such inventions that have been submitted to the patent office is a long net gangway which projects from the side of the vessel upon the surface of the water, being supported at the lower end by large air tanks. The poles which support the gangway are hinged to the ship's side, and when not in use are carried in long pockets below the rail of the first open deck.

The chief advantage of this gangway-life saver is that the lifeboats may approach near enough to the ship's side to be crushed by waves. The boat is held close to the gangway by means of gaff hooks.

Ten Million Dollars for Irrigation.

The greatest storage dam in the world was formally dedicated at the conclusion of the sessions of the National Irrigation Congress which met at El Paso, Tex., in October. It blocks a canyon of the Rio Grande, 12 miles north of El Paso, stores all the flood and normal flow of a river which drains 80,000 square miles, forms a lake 45 miles long with an average depth of 65 feet and a shore line of 200 miles, and submerges more than 42,000 acres.

It cost \$10,000,000. And the water stored will irrigate 185,000 acres and develop 85,000 horsepower.

Folly in Grieving.

One class of feelings may be extinguished only by the creation of another; one sentiment banished only by the stronger occupancy of another; so long as this is unperceived the overgrieving heart will seek in vain to discipline itself. Thinking of its sorrow as too much, instead of its sense of duty as too little, it fails to meet pointedly its own remedy.—James Martineau.

Increase Silk Production.

In Germany silk culture experiments, feeding with leaves of a species of comfrey is expected to produce four or five crops of cocoons a year. Instead of the one from mulberry leaves, Consul C. A. Damm, however, forecasts the failure of the attempt to create a silk industry for war invalids and cripples, on account of difficulties of spinning and a cost of the product likely to exceed that of the imported raw silk.

Daily Thought.

A cheerful temper, joined with innocence, will make beauty attractive, knowledge delightful and wit good-natured. It will lighten sickness, poverty and affliction; convert ignorance into an amiable simplicity, and render deformity itself agreeable.—Judson.

## CZAR ABDICATES RUSSIAN THRONE; REVOLT SUCCEEDS

Dynasty of Romanoffs Ends—Nation Now a Republic.

MONARCHY IS ABOLISHED

Soldiers Aided Revolutionists in Overthrowing the Government—500 Persons Reported Slain During the Fighting at Petrograd.

Petrograd, March 19.—Czar Nicholas II has abdicated the throne of Russia, both for himself and the twelve-year-old czaritz, Grand Duke Michael Alexandrovitch, his brother, who had been decided upon originally to be regent, also has abdicated.

This ends the dynasty of the Romanoffs.

Russia now is virtually a republic.

Monarchy is Abolished.

The executive committee of the duma issued a manifesto stating that the government of Russia will be handled for three months by a committee of twelve. For the time being, it is stated, the monarchy has been abolished. Councils of nobility in fifteen provinces have endorsed the revolutionary government.

The Grand Duke Nicholas is reported in a Reuter dispatch from Petrograd to have reached the Russian capital. The dispatch says that he will probably take command of the troops.

A dispatch to the London Chronicle from Petrograd on Thursday says the emperor of Russia has been placed under guard.

According to information received here the Russian people have been most distrustful during recent events of the personal influence of Empress Alexandra. She was supposed to exercise the greatest influence over Emperor Nicholas.

The Empress Alexandra, before her marriage to the emperor of Russia in 1894, was the German Princess Alix of Hesse-Darmstadt.

A popular revolution has been successful and the government of Russia rests temporarily with a self-appointed committee of the duma.

After three days of battle, in which the majority of the 30,000 troops in Petrograd remained and supported the revolutionists, calm has returned.

The czar's abdication was in compliance with the urgent demand of the committee of the duma, which notified him that upon his assent depended the fate of the dynasty.

Troops Back the Duma.

Telegraphing from Petrograd Wednesday, Reuter's correspondent says Kronstadt, the fortress and great naval station at the head of the Gulf of Finland, 20 miles west of Petrograd, has joined the revolutionary movement. Two deputies, Popeloff and Taskine, on instructions from the duma committee, proceeded to Kronstadt, where the troops placed themselves at the disposal of the duma.

The Copenhagen Ekstrabladet reports that the Russian consul in Haparanda, Sweden, says that former Premier Sturmer and Minister of the Interior Protopotoff were killed in Petrograd. Both were charged with pro-German sympathies.

New Cabinet Announced.

A new national cabinet is announced, with Prince Lvoff as president of the council and premier, and the other offices held by the men who are close to the Russian people.

The members of the new national cabinet are announced as follows: Premier, President of the Council and Minister of the Interior—Prince Georges E. Lvoff.

Foreign Minister—Prof. Paul N. Miloukoff.

Minister of Public Instruction—Professor Manouloff of Moscow university.

Minister of War and Navy, ad interim—A. J. Guchikoff, formerly president of the duma.

Minister of Agriculture—M. Ichegareff, deputy of the Petrograd.

Minister of Finance—M. Tereschentchikoff, deputy from Kiev.

Minister of Justice—Deputy Kereski of Saratoff.

Minister of Communications—N. V. Nekrasoff, vice president of the duma.

Controller of State—M. Godneff, deputy from Kazan.

The proclamation by the military governor in Petrograd forbidding street assemblies and declaring that any disorders would be ruthlessly suppressed made it apparent that affairs were graver than the dispatches allowed by the Russian censorship would indicate.

Blow for Germany.

Authenticated dispatches from Petrograd, together with the consensus of governmental advisers here, indicate that the uprising was a rebellion against the growing German reaction believed responsible for the food shortage and lack of effective military organization.

In this connection, Andrew Bonar Law, chancellor of the exchequer, announcing the success of the revolution to the house of commons, said that it was comforting to England to learn that the revolution "was not directed at securing peace by Russia."

Demonstrations against the government have been frequent during the last few weeks. The attempted proroguing of the duma fanned the fires which spread rapidly from class to class and from civilians to troops.

Sunday it broke forth in flame. Panicked, the government ordered the mounted patrols to fire on the people. The patrols refused, and a battle between the police and the troops followed, regiment after regiment joining the revolutionists, soldiers burning prisons and jails, arsenals, burning prisons and jails and throwing the heads of the secret police into prison.

For three days, open battle raged in the streets of Petrograd. Strikes in factories and on street cars were called in sympathy with the revolution.

Wednesday the week's nightmare of revolution ended more suddenly than it had begun. Planes were pulled from windows, rifles were unbarreled, factories, stores and banks reopened.

The only evidence that a revolution had been fought and won was the smoldering ruins of a few public buildings. The cost in life is unknown. It is believed, however, that it did not exceed 500.

Magical and sudden as was the transition from the old to the new, it is believed here that its results will be almost immediately visible in the substitution by the new Russia of a more vigorous and efficient prosecution of the war against Germany.

The duma telegraphed the principal generals at the front to use their influence with Emperor Nicholas in support of the duma's appeal for a popular government, says Reuter's Petrograd correspondent.

General Brusiloff, commander in chief of the armies on the southwestern front, replied:

"Your telegram received. I have fulfilled my duty to my emperor and my country."

Gen. Nicholas V. Ruzsky, member of the supreme military council, replied: "I have carried out your request."

M. Rodzianko, president of the duma, sent the following telegram to Emperor Nicholas:

"The situation is becoming worse. Measures must be taken immediately, for tomorrow it may be too late. The hour has arrived when the fate of the country and of the dynasty is being decided."

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M. Rodzianko, president of the duma, sent the following telegram to Emperor Nicholas:

"The situation is becoming worse. Measures must be taken immediately, for tomorrow it may be too late. The hour has arrived when the fate of the country and of the dynasty is being decided."

M. Chtchegoloff, president of the council of the revolutionists, was arrested in his home and temporarily held in the ministerial room of the duma.

A telegram received by the naval attaché of the Russian embassy in Paris reported that the railways and public services in Petrograd had resumed work.

The revolution, which evidently was carefully prepared, broke out simultaneously in Petrograd and Moscow. The garrisons, which obeyed the instructions of the revolutionists, immediately took possession of these cities after comparatively little fighting and equally small amount of destruction of property.

Petrograd Bridge Blown Up.

In Petrograd one bridge was blown up. Strict military rule prevails and the army has the situation so well in hand that it is not expected adherents of the late government will be able to offer any serious resistance, even in remote provinces.

After receiving word of the revolution, it is reported, Emperor Nicholas returned to the palace, where he arrived on Wednesday.

The following details of the revolution have been given











**LOCAL ITEMS**  
Jensen & Bibe received a carload of Ford touring cars from Milwaukee Monday.  
Judge T. N. Pomerville is still confined to his home with an attack of rheumatism.  
Mrs. Alfred Gagnon and daughter Superior are visiting at the home of her mother, Mrs. George Chas. Jensen.  
Mrs. Louis Podratz, confined to an operation for appendicitis at the University hospital on Saturday.

**Goggins, Brazeau & Goggins**  
**ATTORNEYS AT LAW**  
Office in the Mackinnon Block on the West Side, Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.  
Telephone No. 104

**A. J. CROWNS**  
**ATTORNEY AT LAW**  
Mackinnon Block. Phone 836  
Grand Rapids, Wisconsin

**J. R. RAGAN**  
Licensed Embalmer and Undertaker  
Home phone No. 69, Store 213.  
Snyder's building, West Side, 405  
Dunsel, residence phone No. 485.

**GEO. W. BAKER & SON**  
Undertakers and Licensed  
Embalmer  
North Second Street, East Side,  
Grand Rapids, Wis. Business Phone  
401. Night calls, 402

**W. E. WHEELAN**  
**ATTORNEY AT LAW**  
Office in Daly Block, East Side. Tel-  
phone No. 243. Grand Rapids, Wis.

**W. T. LYLE**  
Licensed Embalmer and  
Funeral Director  
Store on West Side  
Lady Attendant if Desired  
Night Phone 886. Day Phone 885

**DR. J. K. GOODRICH**  
**OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN**  
Entrance west of Bank of Grand  
Rapids. Office hours, 9 to 12, 2 to 5,  
7 to 9

**ORSON P. COCHRAN**  
**PIANO TUNER**  
Best work guaranteed. Call tele-  
phone 232 or at the house, 447 Third  
Avenue North.

**Wash Away**  
**Skin Sores**

To the many sufferers of skin diseases  
D. D. D. the double wash, has become a  
household word. They know it is reliable  
and they can depend on it. It is the only  
remedy for all skin diseases. It is a  
gentle, but still it is effective. It is a  
remedy that is unique. It is a remedy  
from skin diseases, including eczema, im-  
pigo, scabs, eczema or 12-year itchy skin.  
It has stood the test and today it is the most  
popular remedy for all skin diseases.  
Come in today and ask about our guaran-  
tee on D. D. D. Also about D. D. D.  
Sore, that keeps the skin healthy.

**D. D. D.** For 15 Years  
The Standard  
Skin Remedy  
J. E. DALY, DISTRICT

**Stomach**  
**Germs**  
**Rooted**

One Dose of Mayr's Wonderful Remedy  
Drives Them Out—Ends  
Torment.

Stomach poisons breed millions of  
germs that eat into your vitals,  
causing gas pressure, indigestion,  
constipation, torpid liver, auto-in-  
toxication, yellow jaundice, gall  
stones, appendicitis, cancer and ul-  
cers of the stomach and intestines,  
etc., etc. Thousands of sufferers  
have been restored by Mayr's Won-  
derful Remedy, among them justices  
of the Supreme Court, congressmen,  
doctors, lawyers, bankers, ministers,  
nurses, farmers, mechanics—persons  
of every class—probably you own  
neighbors. Stomach troubles are  
due mostly to catarrhal poison.  
Mayr's Wonderful Remedy removes  
that poison, thoroughly cleanses the  
system, drives out the disease breed-  
ing germs, allays inflammation and  
ends suffering. Unlike any other  
remedy. No alcohol—nothing to in-  
jure you. Once you have tried it,  
look on Stomach Ailments. Write  
Geo. H. Mayr, Mfg. Chemist, Chicago,  
or obtain a bottle of Mayr's Won-  
derful Remedy from Otto's Pharm-  
acy, or any reliable druggist, who  
will return your money if it fails.

**Pay by Check**  
**Have a Record This Year**

Mr. Farmer—This year you should have a  
record of all sales and purchases, loans and  
interest payments.

It isn't necessary that you keep a set of  
intricate books to do this—**OPEN A CHECK  
ACCOUNT AT THIS BANK.**

Make all deposits here, pay all bills by  
check, and WE'LL DO THE BOOKKEEP-  
ING FOR YOU.

We furnish all check-books, deposit-books  
and slips without charge.

**Bank of Grand Rapids**  
West Side

**NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE**

A baby girl was born to Mr. and  
Mrs. Henry Roman of the town of  
Saratoga on Sunday, March 18, 1917.  
Pete Schuetz and Julius Mathews  
were among those who attended the  
bankers' Farmers' convention at  
Madison last week.

Myron Reinhardt has been laid up  
the past week with a bad case of  
bone aching on his neck, caused  
from the use of a razor.

Charles Hendon was among those  
from this end of the county who at-  
tended the Farmers-Bankers conven-  
tion at Madison last week.

Jacob Lutz left on Monday for Mil-  
waukee where he will spend a week  
or ten days taking treatment at the  
Sacred Heart Sanitarium.

The Misses Agnes Tomczyk and  
Mary J. Gindzinski of Siskel were pleas-  
ant callers at this office on Monday  
while in the city shopping.

Mr. and Mrs. Al Ledor of Mayville  
are rejoicing over the birth of a baby  
girl at their home. Mr. and Mrs.  
Ledor are former residents of Grand  
Rapids.

George Benson was called to  
Fond du Lac last week by the death  
of a relative, but was unable to reach  
home until Sunday, owing to the  
snow blockade.

If you want to buy or sell city  
or farm property, see or call George  
Portman.

Mrs. Louis Schall was removed to  
her home from the Riverside hospi-  
tal on Tuesday where she had been  
for a week having submitted to a  
slight surgical operation.

Curis Berard of Green Bay spent  
Sunday in the city visiting with his  
mother and brother, Howard,  
who has been here the past week,  
will remain for another week.

Robert Rehn, Jr. of Rudolph was  
in the city on Saturday and while  
here favored the Tribune with a  
pleasant call. Mr. Rehn drove down  
with a number of the city's best  
reporters that the road was not as bad  
as he had expected to find them.

Prof. W. W. Clark went to Apple-  
ton Thursday intending to return the fol-  
lowing day, but owing to the snow  
blockade, did not get back until Sun-  
day, when he was compelled to drive  
down. While the roads were in  
badly drifted condition, there was no  
great trouble getting thru.

Pat Flanagan of Gratiot was a  
visitor in the city on Monday. Mr.  
Flanagan was called to Superior last  
week by the serious illness of his  
father, P. J. Flanagan, one of the old  
settlers of that place. He is accom-  
panied by his wife and expects to re-  
main at Ve per until his father im-  
proves.

J. T. Stark was unable to open his  
ideal Theatre several nights during  
the past week owing to the fact that  
the rains were not running and it  
was impossible to get in the films for  
his pictures. The oldest inhabitant  
cannot remember when there was  
not such a heavy rain as existed here  
during the past week.

Thomas Henderson expects to  
leave this week for Portland, Oregon,  
from which place he will look around  
with a view to locating out in that  
country. Mr. Henderson has been in  
the city several times before and is  
travelling to the country and ex-  
pects to go to farming out there if he  
finds something to his liking.

Have you seen that good-looking  
girl smiling at you? His name is  
C. E. Hewitt, and he handles real  
estate. His office is in the Mackin-  
non Block. Phone 1000.

We are not mentioning any names,  
but it is said that a certain and  
whole lot of doctor as follows: "Dear  
Doctor: Your medicine is truly  
wonderful. Three short weeks ago I  
was so run down that I could not  
stand on my feet. After taking two  
bottles of it I was able to chase my  
husband. My heaven bless you."

Mr. and Mrs. W. G. McNaughton,  
who have made their home in Port  
Edwards for some time past, where  
Mr. McNaughton was in the employ  
of the Nekeasa-Edwards company,  
expect to leave in the near future  
for Spokane, Washington, where Mr.  
McNaughton has accepted a position  
with a paper company in that city.

It is Ogilvie of Rudolph was  
among the callers at the Tribune of-  
fice on Saturday, being on his way  
home from New Lisbon, where he  
had been on business. Mr. Ogilvie  
will hold an auction sale on his place  
on Tuesday, March 27, when he will  
dispose of ten head of horses and  
twenty head of Holstein heifers.

Jacob Kissinger of the town of Sig-  
et was among the pleasant callers  
at the Tribune office on Monday  
morning. Jake went over to take  
the train to town, but as things did  
not look very busy along the right-  
of-way out town he placed his  
walked in, covering the pine needles  
between his place and this city in  
about two hours. He reports that  
there were long stretches along the  
way where the snow had drifted so  
hard that he could walk on top of the  
snow without breaking thru the crust  
at all.

Marshfield Herald: Louis Amund-  
son, county highway commissioner,  
was here Tuesday on matters pertain-  
ing to his office. He is usually  
expected to leave in the near future  
for Spokane, Washington, where he  
had been on business. Mr. Amund-  
son is planning on a big summer's work  
on the improvement of highways in this  
county and will have at his disposal  
better than \$80,000. The greatest  
element to contend with this year is  
the high cost of labor and material.

A daughter was born to Mr. and  
Mrs. Louis VanEt Monday, March  
19, 1917.

George Hamlet was at Bancroft  
Wednesday where he had charge of  
an auction sale.

A daughter was born one day the  
past week to Mr. and Mrs. Ed Wus-  
low of the town of Siget.

The right of cities to start man-  
datory ice plants and coal yards has  
been passed by the assembly.

Frank Natwick departed Tuesday  
evening on a business trip to Mad-  
ison, Milwaukee and Chicago.

Miss Emma Swain of Chicago is  
in the city for a visit with her par-  
ents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Swain.

Henry Holmer is able to be about  
again after being confined to his  
home for a week with the grippe.

Jed Pangel, one of the solid farm-  
ers of the town of Rudolph was a  
pleasant caller at this office on Tues-  
day.

Frank Miller, one of the progres-  
sive farmers of the town of Rudolph,  
was a business caller at this office  
Tuesday.

There is talk of organizing a cav-  
alry troop at Stevens Point, and the  
initial move has been made in this  
matter.

Henry Wagner departed on Wed-  
nesday for Milwaukee where he in-  
tends to purchase another Ford  
Sedan.

Miss Lillian Clapp, deputy at the  
county clerk's office, was confined to  
home several days this week with  
a severe cold.

Miss E. B. Redford returned Mon-  
day from Marshfield where she had  
been detained for several days by the  
snow blockade.

Miss Anderson of the town of Ru-  
dolph had one of her horses die of  
the Johnson & Hill Co.

Miss C. A. Laule, who has been  
visiting relatives in this city during  
the past month, left for her home in  
Sturgeon Bay Wednesday.

Frank Kulsback, who is employed  
in the city, was in the city during  
the past week, but owing to the snow  
blockade, did not get back until Sun-  
day, when he was compelled to drive  
down. While the roads were in  
badly drifted condition, there was no  
great trouble getting thru.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Weeks are at  
Omaha where they are assisting in the  
care of G. O. Weeks, who has been  
quite sick with an attack of stomach  
trouble.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Miller of Stev-  
ens Point are rejoicing over the ar-  
rival of a baby girl. Their daughter,  
Miss Miller was formerly Miss Lillian  
Manning of this city.

C. E. Hewitt if you want to sell  
or exchange your farm. See E. N.  
Tomlinville if you want to insure  
your home. Hewitt & Tomlinville handle  
all kinds of real estate.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Mounier de-  
parted for their home at Interna-  
tional Falls, Minnesota, today after  
spending two weeks in the city visit-  
ing with relatives and friends.

Rev. W. A. Newing of Green Bay  
spent several days in this city the  
past week. Rev. Newing was formerly  
pastor of the local Methodist  
church and has many friends here.

John Onholt returned last Monday  
from the southern part of the state  
where he had spent several weeks  
visiting his son, Alford, who is en-  
gaged in farming near Madison.

Dave Woodruff of Vesper was in  
town several days last week, having  
come down on Thursday on some  
business matter and failed to get  
back home on account of the snow  
blockade. Mr. Woodruff has charge  
of the Vesper Woodruff Lumber  
company, and states that business is  
opening up good this spring consid-  
ering the existing conditions. The  
company makes a specialty of silos  
and the indications are that many  
farmers are going to put them up  
this spring, the early frost of last fall  
having convinced those without a  
silo that this was one of the most  
important things to have on the  
farm.

Now is the time to list up your  
farms and city property if you want  
to sell or exchange. Hewitt & Po-  
mainville are the boys that handle  
the dirt and sell the earth. Phones  
1000 and 216. Office in Mackinnon  
Block.

The many friends of Mrs. Frank  
Cory will be pleased to learn that  
she will be able to leave the hospi-  
tal at Milwaukee on Friday and ex-  
pects to return home with her husband  
next Tuesday.

Miss Colla Podratz, who is em-  
ployed as trimmer in a mill near  
St. Anthony, arrived in the city on  
Tuesday to be with her mother,  
who who submitted to an operation  
last week for appendicitis.

John Murray, who has had charge  
of the Singer Sewing Machine com-  
pany in this city for some time  
past, has resigned the position  
and expects to leave in the near fu-  
ture for Elderon, near which place  
he will go farming.

Mr. and Mrs. Max Eberhardt con-  
tinued a party of friends Friday  
afternoon in honor of Mr. and Mrs.  
Charles Yotter of Roseau, Minne-  
sota. The afternoon was spent in a  
very pleasant manner by those in at-  
tendance and at 6 o'clock a dinner  
was served that was thoroughly enjoyed  
by all.

A. E. Hart returned on Tuesday  
morning from Michigan where he  
had been on a business trip. Mr.  
Hart reports that they had no trouble  
over in Michigan with the snow there  
not being near as much over in that  
section of the country as there is  
here.

Wallace Miller who recently took  
charge of the Conway farm in the  
town of Rudolph was among the  
business visitors in this city Tuesday.  
Mr. Miller comes from the southern  
part of the state near Edgerton, and  
is a practical farmer and ought to  
do well in his new location.

Dr. Geo. R. Houston, C. F. Kollege,  
A. H. Houch, Andrew Seals, Sam  
Church, Lacey Horton, D. C. F.  
Bandella, G. F. Labout, A. U. Mai-  
dovich, M. N. Weeks were in Stevens  
Point on Thursday evening to attend  
the inspection of the Knight Templar  
Commandery.

Marshfield Times: Miss E. B. Red-  
ford of Grand Rapids was in the  
field Saturday and Sunday waiting  
for a train home. She had spent part  
of the week in Appleton and finding  
that there were no trains into Grand  
Rapids by way of the Green Bay road  
she came to Marshfield via the Soo.  
She left Monday for home.

The remains of Simon Langowski  
were taken to Stevens Point on Fri-  
day and interred, Mr. Langowski  
having been a resident of that city  
for a number of years before coming  
here to make his home with his  
daughter, Mrs. and Mrs. Eugene Lutz,  
and son Dave, Mrs. Gus Mickel-  
son and Miss Elma Lutz accompanied  
the remains to Stevens Point.

Marshfield Herald: J. C. Kieffer,  
president of the fair association  
writes the Herald that he has re-  
ceived a \$500 donation from Montgom-  
ery, Ward & Co. of Chicago towards  
paying for the brooders barn built last  
summer at the fair grounds. It is  
very nice of the Montgomery, Ward  
people, but leave it to Charles when  
a little missionary work is needed.  
He can get blood out of a turnip.

The city council at Merrill has ap-  
propriated the sum of \$42,000 for  
the improvement of their high school  
in that city. It is stated that the  
present high school is entirely in-  
adequate to supply the needs of the  
attending scholars and that it will  
be necessary to make extensive im-  
provements to meet the situation.  
With the sum of money appropri-  
ated it should be possible to make  
very extensive improvements.

B. E. Walters, editor of the Mes-  
senger Times, favored the Tribune with  
several pleasant calls while in this  
city last week. Mr. Walters came in  
over the Milwaukee road on Friday  
and was accompanied by a couple  
hundred others who had been marooned at  
New Lisbon for about thirty-six  
hours and was then compelled to lie  
there again. At New Lisbon the peo-  
ple on the train ate up everything in  
the town and starvation was staring  
them in the face, when the railroad  
company managed to get one train  
thru to this city. While Grand Rap-  
ids was not home, it was the most  
home-like place they had seen for  
some time, and there was no danger  
of starving.

The old-fashioned girl who went  
to a fortune teller to find out if her  
future husband would be a rich man,  
now has a daughter who goes  
Doris or Bradstreet for the same  
purpose.

Mrs. Thos. Bratton has been ser-  
iously ill the past three weeks.  
Ray Dudley has been confined to  
his bed the past week with a severe  
attack of the grippe.

George Gligson of Texas arrived  
in the city Wednesday evening for a  
week's visit with his son.

Mrs. P. P. Daly has a carload of  
pianos of the latest designs, just ar-  
rived, which she will be glad to show  
you.

Mrs. L. M. Slaton returned the  
first of the week from a weeks visit  
with her daughter, Bernadette, at  
Nashua.

Wm. Barney, who resides on rural  
route No. 4, near the city limits, was  
among the business callers at the  
Tribune office on Wednesday.

Mrs. J. H. McAllister, who has  
been visiting her daughter Mrs. G. J.  
Kaudy, during the past month, left  
her home in Chicago on Wed-  
nesday.

Joseph H. Casper of Bellechester,  
Minnesota, spent several days in the  
city this week, having been called  
here by the death of his sister, Mrs.  
Felix Schell.

Miss Kate Kammerer has been in  
Milwaukee the past week taking  
treatment at Sacred Heart Sanitari-  
um. It is expected that she will be  
there for several weeks yet.

Mrs. P. P. Daly has a carload of  
pianos of the latest designs, just ar-  
rived, which she will be glad to show  
you.

Mrs. Edgar Kellogg entertained a  
party of friends on Tuesday evening  
in honor of Miss Albert Natwick.  
The evening was spent in a very  
pleasant manner, the affair ending  
up with refreshments.

Emil Schiller returned Wednesday  
morning from North Dakota,  
where he spent three weeks visit-  
ing his brother Henry who was recently  
injured by a fall from a horse. Mr.  
Schiller had three ribs broken.

Mosinee Times: Two members of  
the clover leaf crew, Messrs. Flady  
and Peterson of Daney, became tired  
of the uncertainty and long wait-  
ing at Grand Rapids, and started Sat-  
urday morning to walk home, a dis-  
tance of twenty-four miles. They ar-  
rived home late that evening, some-  
what wet and travel-stained, but  
otherwise fit as a fiddle.

Marshfield Times: Former Mayor  
and Registrar of Dodge, John A. Hitt,  
has been in a serious condi-  
tion the past few weeks in the  
present time recovering. The last few  
days he has been sitting up for a few  
hours a day and a decided improve-  
ment in his condition is noticeable.  
All of the relatives who were present  
when he was dangerously ill have re-  
turned to their homes.

Principal Paul G. Keller of the  
Appleton high school who was tied  
in the municipal court of that city  
for the ridiculous, albeit offense of  
too strongly supplementing "moral  
instruction" with the real article, in  
compelling a bunch of boys, bent on  
disturbing a basketball game, to  
leave the building, was acquitted of  
the charge on Tuesday. Judge Henry  
Kreiss, who presided, gave the  
youngsters some old fashioned  
whole-some advice: "You should de-  
fend your school instead of disre-  
garding it and yourself and uphold your  
alma mater instead of dragging it in  
the dust," declared Judge Kreiss in  
lecturing Miller. "You should appre-  
ciate the great gift your parents be-  
stowed on you by giving you the  
privilege of receiving the diploma  
from the Appleton high school. You  
boys who were expelled from school  
lost the greatest legacy you could  
have obtained in life." The court  
then pronounced a severe reprimand  
on exonerating Prof. Keller declared  
that instead of whipping the boys with  
his hand or showing him out of the  
building, he should have had in his  
possession a rawhide whip and laid it  
on until the flesh broke, as a remind-  
er that actions of such sort would not  
be tolerated in the school.

**CARD OF THANKS**  
We wish to thank our friends and  
neighbors for the many kind acts and  
their sympathy and assistance dur-  
ing the illness and after the death of  
our beloved relative. Also for the  
many beautiful floral offerings that  
were sent.

Peter Relland and Son,  
Mr. and Mrs. Joe Relland

**DEATH OF MRS. FARRELL**  
Mrs. Mathew Farrell, one of the  
old residents of this city, died at her  
home on the east side on Tuesday  
morning after an illness of some  
length, death being caused by a com-  
plication of diseases. Everything  
possible was done for her, but owing  
to her advanced age it was impossible  
to save her life.

Deceased, whose maiden name was  
Rose Ann Huggins, was born in Kil-  
more, Ireland, 68 years ago on the  
24th of last August. She grew to  
womanhood in the old country,  
where she was married to Mr. Far-  
rell on the 1st of January, 1879.

She moved to this country with her  
husband in June, 1881, and has been  
a resident of this city nearly all of  
the time since then. She was a wo-  
man who was loved and respected by  
all who knew her, and her loss will  
be keenly felt by her friends and re-  
latives.

There are seven children, they be-  
ing Mrs. Wm. Hueston of Hartford,  
Mrs. Wm. Coyt of Rhinelander, Mrs.  
Hall of Sioux City, Iowa, Mrs.  
Wm. Yacker, Michael and Matthew  
Farrell and Miss Nellie Dolan of  
this city.

The funeral will be held Friday  
morning at 9:30 o'clock of the  
funeral home of J. J. Johnson in this  
city. Rev. Wm. Reding to conduct the  
services.

Mr. Farrell is quite low at the  
present writing and but little hope is  
held out for his recovery.

**MRS. RASMUS ANDERSON**  
Mrs. Rasmus Anderson died at her  
home in the town of Hanson on Wed-  
nesday afternoon at 5:30 o'clock,  
after an illness of some length, cause  
of death being heart trouble. De-  
ceased was 67 years of age and is  
survived by two sons, Peter of the  
town of Seneca, and T. A. Anderson  
of the town of Rudolph. Mr. Ander-  
son preceded her in death seven years  
ago. The funeral will be held in this  
city from the Scandinavian Mortuary  
church on Saturday afternoon at  
1:30 o'clock. Rev. H. B. Johnson to  
conduct the services. Interment will  
be in Forest Hill cemetery.

Mrs. P. P. Daly has a carload of  
pianos of the latest designs, just ar-  
rived, which she will be glad to show  
you.

**DEATH OF MRS. F. TURBIN**  
Mrs. F. Turbin, who had been in  
the hospital at Depece for the past  
couple of months, died at that insti-  
tution on Tuesday evening.

Deceased was 23 years of age, and  
was born at South Rapids, Minne-  
sota, having made her home in this  
city during the past three years. The  
remains will be brought to this city  
for the funeral, held on Saturday  
from the west side Lutheran church,  
Rev. Thew officiating.

She is survived by her husband  
and two sons, aged four and two  
years, also by her father, Mr. and  
Mrs. Casper, and one brother, Hen-  
ry Casper, residents of this city.

**SMALL LOSS BY FIRE**  
Fire of an unknown origin dam-  
aged the basement of the McKeeher-  
r & Rosset plant on Wednesday  
evening. The flames were extin-  
guished by the fire department. The  
loss was not very heavy.

**SIGEL**  
The following nominations were  
made at the caucus held on Friday:  
Chairman, Seth Whitman and Gar-  
rett Loomans; side board, John New-  
man, Wm. Wines, Henry Swartzel,  
Martin Swimmer, treasurer, Oscar  
Nelson and Henry Reuser, clerk, Wm.  
Easter, assessor, Erick Hunt. On  
Monday nomination papers were be-  
ing circulated for Simon Worlund to  
run for chairman.

The reason why a girl knows that  
she loves a man is because she has  
found out some other girl is trying to  
land him.

Mrs. P. P. Daly has a carload of  
pianos of the latest designs, just ar-  
rived, which she will be glad to show  
you.

**FOR SALE**—16 tons river bottom  
red top hay in the barn at \$11 a  
ton. Apply to Bayou Farm, A.  
Westenberg, Nekeosa 31\*

**ELECTION NOTICE**  
INFORMATION TO VOTERS  
The following instructions are given for the information and guidance  
of voters:

A voter upon entering the polling place and giving his name and residence  
will receive a ballot from the ballot clerk which must have indorsed thereon  
the names or initials of both ballot clerks, and no other ballot can be used.

Upon receiving his ballot, the voter must retire alone to a booth or com-  
partment and prepare the same for voting. A ballot clerk may inform the  
voter as to the proper manner of marking a ballot, but he must not advise  
or indicate in any manner when to vote for.

If a voter wishes to vote for all the candidates nominated by any party  
he shall make a cross or other mark under the party designation printed  
at the top of the ballot in the circle made for that purpose. A ballot so  
marked and having no other mark will be counted for all the candidates of  
that party in the column underneath, unless the names of some of the can-  
didates of the party have been crossed or a name shall be written in, or a  
cross mark be placed in the square at the right of the name or names of can-  
didates in another column. If the voter does not wish to vote for all the  
candidates nominated by one party, he shall mark his ballot by making a  
cross or mark in the square at the right of the name of the candidate for  
whom he intends to vote or by inserting or writing in the name of the  
candidate.

The ballot should not be marked in any other manner. If the ballot be  
spoiled, it must be returned to the ballot clerk, who must issue another in  
its stead, but no more than three in all shall be issued to any one voter.  
Five minutes time is allowed in booth to mark ballot. Unofficial or non-re-  
cognized assistance to assist the voter in marking his ballot can be taken into  
the booth, and may be used to copy from. The ballot must not be shown so  
that any person can see how it has been marked by the voter.

After it is marked it should be folded so that the inside cannot be seen,  
but so that the printed indorsements and signatures of the ballot clerks on  
the outside may be seen. Then the voter should pass out of the booth or  
compartiment, give his name to the inspector in charge of the ballot box,  
hand him his ballot to be placed in the box and pass out of the voting place.

A voter, who declares to the presiding officer that he is unable to read,  
or that by reason of physical disability he is unable to mark his ballot, but  
has assistance of one or two election officers in marking same, to be chosen  
by the voter, and if he declares that he is totally blind, he may be assisted  
by any person chosen by him from among the legal voters of the county.  
The presiding officer may administer an oath in his discretion as to such  
person's disability.

The following is a facsimile of the official ballot.

FOR JUSTICE OF THE PEACE	
FOR ALDERMAN First Ward	
FOR SUPERVISOR First Ward	
FOR ALDERMAN Second Ward	
FOR SUPERVISOR Second Ward	
FOR ALDERMAN Third Ward	
FOR SUPERVISOR Third Ward	
FOR ALDERMAN Fourth Ward	
FOR SUPERVISOR Fourth Ward	
FOR ALDERMAN Fifth Ward	
FOR SUPERVISOR Fifth Ward	
FOR ALDERMAN Sixth Ward	
FOR SUPERVISOR Sixth Ward	
FOR ALDERMAN Seventh Ward	
FOR SUPERVISOR Seventh Ward	
FOR ALDERMAN Eighth Ward	
FOR SUPERVISOR Eighth Ward	

JOS. WHEIR, JR.,  
City Clerk.

# SPRING EXPOSITION!

You are cordially invited to attend an unusually complete showing of  
**Men's and Young Men's Wearing Apparel**

It is an interesting display of the newest and really distinctive styles—all "full value" and "money  
back" merchandise. You will find the best efforts of the foremost makers of Men's Wear tastefully  
displayed.

**SUITS**

Some very new models in both  
the ultra-smart for the young  
man and the more conservative  
for his





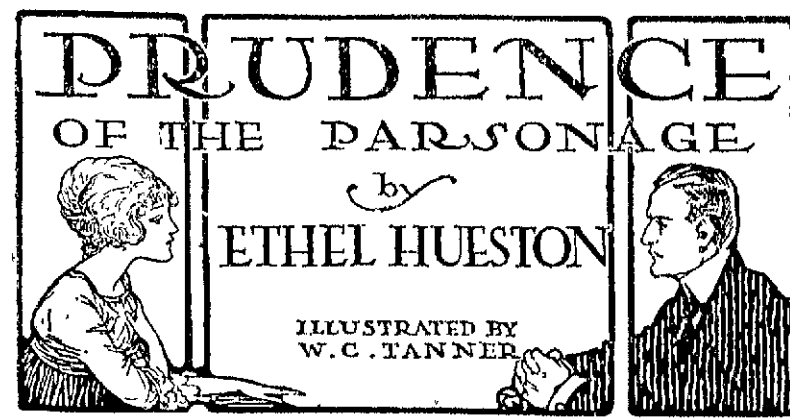












ILLUSTRATED BY W. C. TANNER

## MR. STARR'S HEART SINKS WHEN HE DISCOVERS JERROLD HARMER AND PRUDENCE EXCHANGING TENDER GLANCES AND SOFT WORDS

Mr. Starr, widower, Methodist minister at Mount Mark, Ia., has five charming daughters. Prudence, the eldest, keeps house for him. Fairy is a college freshman. Carol and Lark, twins, are in high school. Constance is the "baby." The activities of the girls—Prudence's housekeeping, Fairy's school affairs, the youngsters' pranks—and the family confidences, make the story. It is simply a record of homely incidents glorified by affection. The preceding installment described an accident which Prudence suffered during an early-morning bicycle ride and her rescue by a strange and fascinating young man.

## CHAPTER IX—Continued.

"He went upstairs to sleep, with despair in his heart. But to the girls there was nothing strange in this exactness on the part of Prudence. Jerrold Harmer was the hero of the romance, and they must unite to do him honor. He was probably a prince in disguise. Jerrold Harmer was a perfectly thrilling name. It was really a shame that America allows no titles—Lord Jerrold did sound so noble, and Lady Prudence was very effective, too. He and Prudence were married, and had a family of four children, named for the various Starrs, before one hour had passed.

"I'll begin my book right away," Lark was saying. She and Carol were in the dining room busily polishing their Sunday shoes, what time they were not performing the marriage ceremony of their sister and the hero.

"Yes, do! But for goodness' sake, don't run into a male! Seems to me even Prudence could have done better than that."

"I'll have his automobile break down in the middle of the road, and Prudence can run into it. The car would run into an inch without it."

"Yes, that's good," said Carol approvingly. "It must be a sixty-cylinder, eight horse power—enough to run anything but a pig and a cow."

"That's! You won't be ready," warned Prudence, and this dire possibility sent them flying upstairs in a panic.

While the girls, bubbling over with excitement, were dressing for the great event, Mr. Starr went downstairs to sit with Prudence. Carol called to him on his way down, and he paused on the stairs, looking up at her.

"Lark and I are going to use some of Fairy's powder, father," she said. "We feel that we simply must on an occasion like this. And for goodness' sake, don't mention it before him! It doesn't happen very often, you know, but today we simply must. Now, don't say anything about falling in the four barrel, or turning pale all of a sudden, whatever else you do. We'd be so mortified, father."

Mr. Starr was concerned with weightier matters, and went on down to Prudence with never so much as a reproving shake of the head for the worldly-minded young twins.

"Father," began Prudence, her eyes on the lace coverlet. "Do you think it would be all right for me to wear the silk dressing gown of mother's? I need something over my nightgown, and my old flannel kimono is so ugly. You know, mother said I was to have it, and—I'm twenty now. Do you think it would be all right? But if you do not want me to wear it."

"I do want you to," was the prompt reply. "Yes, it is quite time you were wearing it. I'll get it out of the trunk myself, and I'll put it down by the door." Then as he turned toward the door, he asked carelessly, "Is he very good-looking, Prudence?"

And Prudence, with a crimson face, answered quickly, "Oh, I really didn't notice father."

He went up upstairs then, and presently Fairy came down with the dainty silk gown trimmed with fine soft lace. "I brought my lavender ribbon for your hair, Prudence. It will match the gown so nicely. Oh, you do look sweet, dearest. I pity Jerrold Harmer, I can tell you that. Now I must hurry and finish my own dressing."

But with her foot on the bottom stair, she paused. Her sister was calling after her. "Send father down here, quick, Fairy."

Father ran down quickly, and Prudence, catching hold of his hands, whispered wretchedly, "Oh, father, he—he is good-looking. I—I did notice it. I didn't mean to lie to you."

"There, now, Prudence," he said, kissing her tenderly. "You mustn't get excited again. I'm afraid you are too nervous to have callers. You must lie very quietly until he comes. That was no lie, child. You are so upset today. Be quiet now, Prudence. It's nearly time for him to come."

"You are a dear good father," she cried, kissing his hands passionately, "but it was a lie. I did know what I was saying. I did it on purpose."

And Mr. Starr's heart was heavy, for he knew that his fears were realized.

## CHAPTER X.

Reused from Her Story.

At twenty minutes to four, the parsonage family clustered excitedly in the sitting room, where the sunshine flooded cheerily. They were waiting for the hero of Prudence's romance.

"Oh, Larkie, will you run upstairs and bring my two handkerchiefs? Would you keep these pearls on, Fairy, or would you take them off?" "I would keep them on, Prue. You do look so sweet, but your face is so flushed. I am afraid you are feverish. Maybe we had better not let him see Prue today, father."

"No, I remember now. We were talking of other things all the time. He turned frankly to Mr. Starr. "For-

"Fairy!" exclaimed Prudence. "Listen, listen, girls! Look, Fairy, and see if that is that! Yes, it is, I know—I can tell by his walk! When rich color dyed her face and throat, and she clasped her hands over her heart, wondering if Connie beside her could hear its tumult."

"I'll go to the door," said Father Starr, and Prudence looked at him beseechingly.

"I am sure he is all right, father. I would be nice to him, won't you?" Without answering, Mr. Starr left the room. He could not trust his voice.

"Listen, girls, I want to hear," whispered Prudence. And she smiled as she heard her father's coroll voice.

"You are Mr. Harmer, aren't you? I am Prudence's father. Come right in. The whole family is assembled to do you honor. The girls have already made you a prince in disguise. Come back this way, Prudence is resting very nicely."

When the two men stepped into the sitting room, Prudence, for once, quite overlooked her father. She lifted her eyes to Jerrold Harmer's face, and waited, breathless. Nor was he long in finding her among the bevy of girls. He walked at once to the bed, and took her hand.

"My little comrade of the road," he said softly, with tenderness. "An accident like this is not feeling well enough for callers today."

"Oh, yes, I am," protested Prudence with strange shyness.

He turned to the other girls, and greeted them easily. He was entirely self-possessed. "Miss Starr told me so much about you that I know you all to begin with." He smiled at Fairy as he added, "In fact, she predicted that I am to fall in love with you. And, very likely, I should, if I hadn't met your sister first."

They all laughed at that, and then he walked back and stood by Prudence once more. "Was it a bad sprain?" Does it pain you very badly? You look tired. I am afraid it was an imposition for me to come this afternoon."

"Oh, don't worry about that," put in Connie anxiously. "She wanted you to come. She's been getting us ready for you ever since the doctor left. I think it was kind of silly for her to wear my hair just for one caller."

The twins glanced at her, realizing that she was discrediting the parsonage, but Jerrold Harmer laughed, and Prudence joined him.

"It is quite true," she admitted frankly. "The maid and I disengaged the parsonage this morning, and I wanted the rest of you to redeem it this afternoon." She looked at him longingly. "Then you had another?"

"No, I didn't. I saw this one in a window this morning, and couldn't resist."

"Do you believe in long engagements between lovers? Aren't engaged couples able to become well enough acquainted after six months to marry and make as much of a success of the partnership as if they had waited two or three years?"

(TO BE CONTINUED)

**COPPER IS ALASKA'S STAPLE**

Shipments of Metal to United States Now Run Far Ahead of Canned Salmon and Gold.

Sales made by Alaska to the United States in the fiscal year 1910 aggregated nearly \$50,000,000, according to a report on the Imports from Alaska for that period, just issued by the bureau of foreign and domestic commerce of the department of commerce.

No longer do salmon and gold occupy the first places among Alaska's export staples, having given way to the export of copper, which in the present fiscal year had a total value of \$26,488,000, compared with \$5,192,000 in 1915, and \$3,876,000 in 1914.

**Gangway Launching for Boats.**

The hazardous method of lowering lifeboats into rough water alongside ships in distress has inspired many inventors to perfect life-saving apparatus that would be really safe.

Among the scores of such inventions that have been submitted to the patent office is a long net gangway which projects from the side of the vessel upon the surface of the water, being supported by the lever and by large floats. The poles which support the gangway are hinged to the ship's side, and when not in use are carried in long pockets below the rail of the first open deck.

The chief advantage of this gangway-life saver is that the lifeboats never approach near enough to the ship's side to be crushed by waves. The boat is held close to the gangway by means of gaff hooks.

**Ten Million Dollars for Irrigation.**

The greatest storage dam in the world was formally dedicated at the conclusion of the sessions of the National Irrigation Congress which met at El Paso, Tex., in October. It blocks a canyon of the Rio Grande 120 miles north of El Paso, stores all the flood and normal flow of a river which drains 80,000 square miles, and takes 45 miles long with an average depth of 65 feet and a shore line of 200 miles, and submerges more than 42,000 acres.

It cost \$10,000,000. And the water stored will irrigate 135,000 acres and develop 35,000 horsepower.

**Folly in Grieving.**

One clutch of feelings can be extinguished only by the creation of another; one sentiment banished only by inviting the antagonism of another; one interest supplanted only by the stronger occupancy of another. So long as this is unperceived the overgrieving heart will seek in vain to discipline itself. Thinking of its sorrow as too much, instead of its sense of duty as too little, it falls to meet violently its own remedy.—James Martineau.

**Increase Silk Production.**

In German silk culture experiments, feeding with leaves of a species of comfrey is expected to produce four or five crops of cocoons a year instead of the one from mulberry leaves. Consul C. A. Dunn, however, forecasts the failure of the attempt to grow silk industry for war invalids and convalescents, on account of difficulties of spinning and a cost of the product likely to exceed that of the imported raw silk.

**Daily Thought.**

A cheerful temper, joined with innocence, will make beauty attractive, knowledge delightful and wit good-natured. It will lighten sickness, poverty and affliction; convert ignorance into an admirable simplicity, and render deformity itself agreeable.—Aldrich.

## CZAR ABDICATES RUSSIAN THRONE; REVOLT SUCCEEDS

Dynasty of Romanoffs Ends—Nation Now a Republic.

## MONARCHY IS ABOLISHED

Soldiers Aided Revolutionists in Overthrowing the Government—500 Persons Reported Slain During the Fighting at Petrograd.

Petrograd, March 19.—Czar Nicholas II has abdicated the throne of Russia, both for himself and the twelve-year-old czarévitch, Grand Duke Michael Alexandrovitch, his brother, who had been decided upon originally to be regent, also has abdicated.

This ends the dynasty of the Romanoffs. Russia now is virtually a republic.

Monarchy is Abolished.

The executive committee of the duma issued a manifesto stating that the government of Russia will be handled for three months by a committee of twelve. At the same time being, it is stated, the monarchy has been abolished. Councils of nobility in fifteen provinces have endorsed the revolutionary government.

The Grand Duke Nicholas is reported to have reached the Russian capital. The dispatch says that he will probably take command of the troops.

A dispatch to the London Chronicle from Petrograd on Thursday says the empress of Russia has been placed under guard.

According to information received here the Russian people have been most distrustful during recent events of the personal influence of Empress Alexandra. She was supposed to exercise the greatest influence over Emperor Nicholas.

The Empress Alexandra, before her marriage to the emperor of Russia in 1894, was the German Princess Alix of Hesse-Darmstadt.

A popular revolution has been successful and the government of Russia rests temporarily with a self-appointed committee of the duma.

After three days of battle, in which the majority of the 30,000 troops in Petrograd mutinied and supported the revolutionists, calm has returned.

The czar's abdication was in compliance with the urgent demand of the committee of the duma, which notified him that upon his assent depended the fate of the dynasty.

**Troops Back the Duma.**

Telegraphing from Petrograd Wednesday, Reuter's correspondent says Kronstadt, the fortress and great naval station at the head of the Gulf of Finland, 20 miles west of Petrograd, has joined the revolutionary movement. The duma, Reuter says, has received reports that the Russian consul in Haparanda, Sweden, says that former Premier Sturmer and Minister of the Interior Potomoff were killed in Petrograd. Sturmer was charged with pro-German sympathies.

**New Cabinet Announced.**

A new national cabinet is announced, with Prince Lvoff as president of the council and premier, and the other offices held by the men who are close to the Russian people.

The members of the new national cabinet are announced as follows: Premier, President of the Council and Minister of the Interior—Prince George Lvoff.

Foreign Minister—Prof. Paul N. Miloukoff.

Minister of Public Instruction—Professor Manuiloff of Moscow university.

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The proclamation by the military governor in Petrograd forbidding any street assemblies and declaring that any disorders would be ruthlessly suppressed made it apparent that affairs were graver than the dispatches allowed by the Russian censorship would indicate.

**Blow for Germany.**

Authorized dispatches from Petrograd, together with the consensus of governmental advisers here, indicate that the uprising was a rebellion against the growing German reaction believed responsible for the food shortage and lack of effective military organization.

In this connection, Andrew Bonar Law, chancellor of the exchequer, announced the success of the revolution to the house of commons, saying that it was comforting to England to learn that the revolution "was not directed at securing peace by Russia."

Demonstrations against the government have been frequent during the last few weeks. The attempted poisoning of the duma failed the revolutionists, which spread rapidly from class to class and from civilians to troops.

Sunday it broke forth in flame. Pains-stricken, the government ordered the mounted police to fire on the people. The police refused, and the troops followed, regiment after regiment, joining the revolutionists, seizing arsenals, burning prisons and jails and throwing the heads of the secret police into prison.

For three days, open battle raged in the streets of Petrograd. Strikes in factories and on street cars were closed in sympathy with the revolution.

Wednesday the week's nightmare of revolution ended more suddenly than it had begun. Planks were pulled from windows, doors were unbarred, factories, stores and banks reopened.

The only evidence that a revolution had been fought and won was the smoldering ruins of a few public buildings. The cost in life is unknown. It is believed, however, that it did not exceed 500.

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## 3 AMERICAN SHIPS SUNK BY U-BOATS; 48 MEN MISSING

Vigilancia, City of Memphis and Illinois Destroyed.

## ATTACKED WITHOUT WARNING

Dispatch From London Declares Fourteen of Crew From the Vigilancia and Several from the City of Memphis Have Not Been Landed—Washington Gets Report.

London, March 19.—The sinking of the American steamships City of Memphis, Illinois and Vigilancia was announced here.

Fourteen men from the Vigilancia are missing, as are some of the men from the City of Memphis.

The crew of the Illinois was landed safely.

The City of Memphis, in ballast from Cardiff for New York, was sunk by gunfire. The second officer and 15 men of the crew have been landed. A patrol boat has gone in search of the other members of the crew.

**Illinois in Ballast.**

The Illinois, from London for Port Arthur, Tex., in ballast, was sunk at eight o'clock Sunday morning.

The Vigilancia was torpedoed without warning. The submarine did not appear. The captain, first and second mates; first, second and third engineers and 23 men of the crew have been landed at the Scilly Islands. The fourth engineer and 13 men are missing.

**Carried Crew of Fifty.**

The City of Memphis carried a crew of about fifty officers and men, virtually all American-born citizens or Americans by naturalization.

The captain, three mates and chief engineer and three assistants and the steward were Americans by birth.

Most of the crew were born in Norway and the drummer in Portland or Spain, but had taken out final citizenship papers in the United States.

The cook was an American negro. Captain Borom of the City of Memphis was a Virginian.

The vessel was owned by the Ocean Steamship company of Savannah. It left here on January 23 for Havre, France, with cotton. It arrived there on February 8 and was wrecked here by orders of the departure for Cardiff to take on bunker coal for her voyage toward New York.

The City of Memphis was of 5,252 tons gross. It was 377 feet long, 49 feet of beam and was built in Chester, Pa., in 1902.

**Washington Told of Attacks.**

Washington, March 19.—The official information of the sinking of three American vessels by submarines in the barred zone reached the state department on Wednesday.

It is reported, Emperor Nicholas returned to the palace, where he arrived on Wednesday.

The following details of the revolution have been given to the press from source usually well informed on Russian affairs:

"The soldiers refused to act against the crowd which started trouble when it heard of the ukase issued by Emperor Nicholas proroguing the duma. On Sunday the committee which had been to discuss the food situation was partly transformed into a provisional government under the presidency of President Rodzanko of the duma and included representatives of the duma council of the empire and of the municipality. The garrison agreed to support the provisional government."

**Papers Fail to Appear.**

Newspapers, with the exception of revolutionary publications which sprang into life with the success of the revolt, had failed to appear. Street car service at noon had not been resumed, but it was believed that night would see partial service.

The government was said to be overthrown by the duma leaders, who met in the Moverschitsky palace after the regular session had been adjourned by imperial ukase, and in a telegram to the emperor the popular representatives declared that a special committee, composed of the leaders of the various parties in the duma, would submit a list of names for the new cabinet.

The imperial palace at Tsarskoe-Selo is said to be in a state of siege, but that it is not held by the revolutionists and the revolutionists and troops.

It is stated that General Michael V. Alexieff, former chief of staff, has been offered the military dictatorship.

**Two Statesmen Killed.**

Stockholm, March 19.—Passengers arriving at Haparanda, Sweden, with hospital train reported that two men of prominence in Petrograd had been murdered.

One of them was said to have been Alexander D. Potomoff, minister of the interior, and the other was believed to be Boris Sturmer, former premier.

The old Russian government, it is alleged, tried to bring troops to Petrograd from Finland to save the situation, but the troops refused to go.

Helsingfors is declared to be in a state of siege.

has seen the winter firing of rifles and machine guns, and civil war in the main thoroughfares, but has not heard a single word against the revolution.

"A shortage of food, the lack of organization and the neglect of the most elementary precautions are popularly ascribed to German influences. This is a word of provocation on every lip.

"The killing of Rasputin was the match that set fire to the vast heap of patriotic determination that Russia would deserve well of her allies if she would give herself the chance.

ill-fits expressed while a member of the faculty of the University of Moscow.

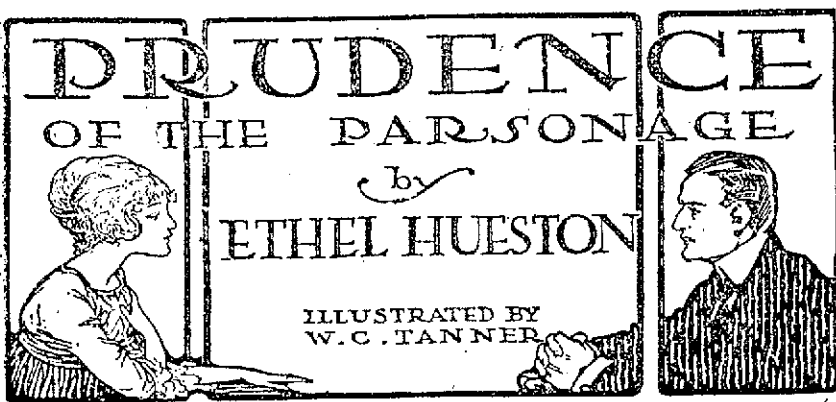
He was in exile for two years, the result of which was his "History of Russian Culture."

After his banishment he came to Chicago and became professor of Chicago history at the University of Chicago, a position which he relinquished four years later to return to Russia.

Milukoff's influence upon European opinion outside of Russia has been great.

## 3 AMERICAN SHIPS SUNK BY U-BOATS; 48 MEN MISSING





## PRUDENCE OF THE PARSONAGE

ILLUSTRATED BY W.C. TANNER

(Copyright, by the Bobbs-Merrill Company.)

### Mr. STARR'S HEART SINKS WHEN HE DISCOVERS JERROLD HARMER AND PRUDENCE EXCHANGING TENDER GLANCES AND SOFT WORDS

Mr. Starr, widower, Methodist minister at Mount Mark, Ia., has five charming daughters. Prudence, the eldest, keeps house for him. Fairy is a college freshman. Carol and Lark, twins, are in high school. The youngest, Ethel, is a college sophomore. Prudence's work, Fairy's school affairs, the youngsters' pranks—and the family perplexities, make the story. It is simply a record of homely incidents glorified by affection. The preceding installment described an accident which Prudence suffered during an early-morning bicycle ride and her rescue by a strange and fascinating young man.

#### CHAPTER IX—Continued.

He went upstairs to obey, with despair in his heart. But to the girls, there was nothing strange in this occurrence on the part of Prudence. Jerrold Harmer was the hero of the romance, and they must unite to do him honor. He was probably a prince in disguise. Jerrold Harmer was a perfectly thrilling name. It was really a shame that America allows no titles. Lord Jerrold did sound so noble, and Lord Prudence was very effective, too. He and Prudence were married, and had a family of four children, named for the various Starks, before one hour had passed.

"I'll begin my book right away," Mark was saying. She and Carol were in the dining room mending patches on their Sunday clothes, what time they were not performing the marriage ceremony of their sister and the hero.

"Yes, do! But for goodness' sake, don't run her into a mule! Seems to me even Prudence could have done better than that."

"I'll have his automobile brought down in the middle of the night, and then I can run it myself. The car would run an inch without it."

"Yes, that's good," said Carol approvingly. "It must be a sixty-horsepower, eight-horsepower—or something else big and costly."

"Twelve," said Prudence, "and it's a very fine one, and this is the first time I've seen it. It's a very fine one, and this is the first time I've seen it."

"No, I didn't. I saw this one in a window this morning, and couldn't resist it. Then you had another coat."

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haps you have heard of the farmer Automobile company of Des Moines. My father was Harvey Harmer. Two years ago, when I was running around in Europe, he died. It was his desire that I should personally take charge of the business. So I hurried home, and have had charge of the company since then. We are establishing sales agencies here, and in Burlington, and several other towns. I came out for a little trip, and took advantage of the opportunity to discuss the business with our new men. That's what brought me to Mount Mark."

"For the first time in his life, Prudence distinctly triumphed over her father. She flashed him the glance of a conqueror, and he nodded, understandingly. He liked Jerrold, and stepped seriously into the life of Prudence. He was glad that things were well. But—they would excuse him, he must look after his Sunday's sermon."

A little later the twins and Connie grew restless, and finally Connie blurted out, "Say, Prue, don't you think we've upheld the parsonage long enough? We ought to get some fresh air."

"The twins would never have been guilty of such social indiscretion as this, but they gladly availed themselves of Connie's 'break,' and followed her out-of-doors. Then Fairy got up, laughing. 'I have done my share, too. I think we'll be going home. Write to Aunt Grace. I'll be just at the head of the stairs, and if Prudence wants me, you will call, won't you, Mr. Harmer? I'm sure you stay for dinner with us? I'm sure to disgrace the parsonage again, for I am no cook, but you can get along for once, surely. We spent most of the time here. The food is bad, and waiting, breathless. Nor was he long in finding her among the bevy of girls. He walked at once to the bed, and took her hand."

"My little comrade of the road," he said, "but with tenderness. 'I'm afraid you are not feeling well enough for callers today.'"

"Oh, yes, I am," protested Prudence with strange shyness.

He turned to the other girls, and greeted them easily. He was entirely self-possessed. "Miss Starr told me so much about you that I know you all to begin with. He smiled at Fairy as he liked. 'In fact, she predicted that I am to fall in love with you. And so, very likely, I should, if I didn't meet your sister first.'"

They all laughed at that, and then he walked back and stood by Prudence once more. "Was it a bad sprain? Does it pain you very badly? You look tired. I am afraid it was an indisposition for me to come this afternoon."

"Oh, don't worry about that," put in Connie anxiously. "She wanted you to come. She's been getting us ready for you ever since the doctor left. I think it was kind of silly for me to wear my blue just for you, but I'm sure she was discrediting the parsonage, but Jerrold Harmer laughed, and Prudence joined him."

"It is quite true," she admitted frankly. "The mule and I disgraced the parsonage this morning, and I wanted the rest of you to redeem it this afternoon." She looked at him laughingly. "Then you had another coat?"

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## CZAR ABOLISHES RUSSIAN THRONE; REVOLT SUCCEEDS

Dynasty of Romanoffs Ends— Nation Now a Republic.

### MONARCHY IS ABOLISHED

Soldiers Aided Revolutionists in Overthrowing the Government—500 Persons Reported Slain During the Fighting at Petrograd.

Petrograd, March 19.—Czar Nicholas II has abdicated the throne of Russia, both for himself and the twelve-year-old czarévitch. Grand Duke Michael Alexandrovitch, his brother, who had been decided upon originally to be regent, also has abdicated.

This ends the dynasty of the Romanoffs. Russia now is virtually a republic. Monarchy is abolished.

The executive committee of the duma issued a manifesto stating that the government of Russia will be a republic. For the time being, it is stated, the monarchy has been abolished. Copied of nobility in fifteen provinces have endorsed the revolutionary government.

The Grand Duke Nicholas is reported in a Reuter dispatch from Petrograd to have reached the Russian capital. The dispatch says he will probably be in command of the troops.

A dispatch to the London Chronicle from Petrograd on Thursday says the empress of Russia has been placed under guard.

According to information received here the Russian people have been most distrustful during recent events of the personal influence of Empress Alexandra. She was supposed to exercise the greatest influence over Emperor Nicholas.

The Empress Alexandra, before her marriage to the emperor of Russia in 1894, was the German Princess Alix of Hesse-Darmstadt.

A popular revolution has been successful and the government of Russia rests temporarily with a self-appointed committee of the duma.

After three days of battle, in which the majority of the 30,000 troops in Petrograd mutilated and supported the revolutionists, calm has returned.

The czar's abdication was completed with the urgent demand of the committee of the duma, which notified him that upon his assent depended the fate of the dynasty.

Troops Back the Duma. Telegraphing from Petrograd Wednesday, Reuter's correspondent says Kronstadt, the fortress and great naval station at the head of the Gulf of Finland, 20 miles west of Petrograd, has joined the revolutionary movement. Two garrisons, Pospeloff and Taskine, on instructions from the duma committee, proceeded to Kronstadt, where the troops placed themselves at the disposal of the duma.

The Copenhagen Ekstrabladet reports that the Russian consuls in Haparanda, Sweden, says that former Premier Sturmer and Minister of the Interior Protopopoff were killed in Petrograd. Both were charged with pro-German sympathies.

New Cabinet Announced. A new national cabinet is announced, with Prince Lvoff as president of the council and premier, and the other offices held by the men who are close to the Russian people.

The members of the new national cabinet are announced as follows: Premier, President of the Council and Minister of the Interior—Prince George Lvoff.

Foreign Minister—Prof. Paul N. Miloukoff.

Minister of Public Instruction—Professor Manuiloff of Moscow university.

Minister of War and Navy, an independent—A. J. Guchkov, formerly president of Agriculture—M. Ichingoroff, deputy from Petrograd.

Minister of Finance—M. Tereschenko, deputy from Kiev.

Minister of Justice—Deputy Kereski of Saratoff.

Minister of Communications—N. V. Nekrasoff, vice president of the duma.

Minister of State—M. Godneff, deputy from Kazan.

The proclamation by the military governor in Petrograd forbidding any street assemblages and declaring that any disorders would be ruthlessly suppressed made it apparent that the duma was not the Russian censorship would indicate.

Blow for Germany. Authenticated dispatches from Petrograd, together with the consensus of governmental advices here, indicate that the uprising was a rebellion against the German reaction.

The German reaction, the food shortage and lack of effective military organization.

In this connection, Andrew Bonar Law, chancellor of the exchequer, announcing the success of the revolution to the house of commons, said that it was comforting to England to know that the revolution "was not directed at securing peace by Russia."

Demonstrations against the government have been frequent during the last few weeks. The attempted overthrowing of the duma failed from class and from civilians to troops.

Sunday it broke forth in flame. Panic-stricken, the government ordered the mounted patrols to fire on the people. The patrols refused, and a battle between the police and the troops followed, regiment after regiment joining the revolutionists, seizing arsenals, burning prisons and jails, arsenals, burning prisons and jails, and throwing the heads of the secret police into prison.

For three days open battle raged in the streets of Petrograd. Strikes in factories and on street cars were called in sympathy with the revolution.

Wednesday the week's nightmare of revolution ended more suddenly than it had begun. Planks were pulled from windows, doors were unbarred, factories, stores and banks reopened.

The only evidence that a revolution had been fought and won was a smoldering ruin of a few public buildings. The cost in life is unknown. It is believed, however, that it did not exceed 500.

Magnificent and sudden as was the transition from the old to the new, it is believed here that its results will be almost immediately visible in the institution by the new Russia of a more vigorous and efficient prosecution of the war against Germany.

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The duma telegraphed the principal generals at the front to use their influence with Emperor Nicholas in support of the duma's appeal for a popular government, says Reuter's Petrograd correspondent.

General Brusiloff, commander in chief of the armies on the southwest front, replied:

"Your telegram received. I have fulfilled my duty to my emperor and my country."

Gen. Nicholas V. Ruzsky, member of the supreme military council, replied: "I have carried out your request."

M. Rodzianko, president of the duma, sent the following telegram to Emperor Nicholas:

"The situation is becoming worse. Measures must be taken immediately, for tomorrow it may be too late. The hour has arrived when the fate of the country and of the dynasty is being decided."

M. Chichagov, president of the council of the empire, was arrested in his home and temporarily held in the ministerial room of the duma.

A telegram received by the naval attaché of the Russian embassy in Paris reported that the railways and public services in Petrograd had resumed work.

The revolution, which evidently was carefully prepared, broke out simultaneously in Petrograd and Moscow. The garrisons, which obeyed the instructions of the revolutionaries, immediately took possession of these cities after comparatively little fighting and equally small amount of destruction of property.

Petrograd Bridge Blown Up. In Petrograd one bridge was blown up. Strict military rule prevails and the army has not expected adherents to the late government will be able to offer any serious resistance, even in remote provinces.

After receiving word of the revolution, it is reported, Emperor Nicholas returned to the palace, where he arrived on Wednesday.

The following details of the revolution have been given to the press from a source usually well informed on Russian affairs:

"The soldiers refused to act against the crowd which started trouble when it heard of the ukase issued by Emperor Nicholas proroguing the duma. On Sunday the soldiers, which had been ordered to fire on the crowd, refused to do so. The food situation was partly transformed into a provisional government under the presidency of President Rodzianko of the duma and included representatives of the duma council of the empire and of the municipality. The garrison agreed to support the provisional government."

Papers Fail to Appear. Newspapers, with the exception of revolutionary publications which sprang into life with the success of the revolt, failed to appear.

Street service at noon had not resumed, but it was believed that night would see partial service.

The government was declared to be overthrown by the duma leaders, who met in the Mavoritskiy palace after the regular session had been adjourned by imperial ukase, and in a telegram to the emperor declared that a special committee, composed of the leaders of the various parties in the duma, would submit a list of names for the new cabinet.

The imperial palace at Tsarskoye Selo is said to be in a state of siege, but this far no shots have been fired, and the guards defending the palace and the revolutionists and troops.

It is stated that General Michael V. Alexieff, former chief of staff, has been offered the military dictatorship.

Two Statesmen Killed. Stockholm, March 19.—Passengers arriving at Haparanda, Sweden, from hospital train reported that two men of prominence in Petrograd had been murdered.

One of them was said to have been Alexander D. Protopopoff, minister of the interior, and the other was believed to be Boris Sturmer, former premier.

The old Russian government, it is alleged, tried to bring troops to Petrograd from Finland to save the situation, but the troops refused to go.

Helsingfors is declared to be in a state of siege.

has seen the wanton firing of rifles and machine guns, and civil war in the main thoroughfares, but has not heard a single word against war.

"A shortage of food, the lack of organization and the neglect of the most elementary precautions are popularly ascribed to German influences. This is a word of provocation on every lip."

"Our correspondent at Riga writes the match that set fire to the vast heap of patriotic determination that Russia would deserve well of her allies if she would give herself the chance."

litical views expressed while a member of the faculty of the University of Moscow.

He was in exile for two years, the result of which was his "History of Russian Culture."

After his banishment he came to Chicago and became professor of Russian history at the University of Chicago, a position which he held until his death last year.

Milukoff's influence upon European opinion outside of Russia has been great.

## 3 AMERICAN SHIPS SUNK BY U-BOATS; 48 MEN MISSING

Vigilancia, City of Memphis and Illinois Destroyed.

### ATTACKED WITHOUT WARNING

Dispatch From London Declares Fourteen of Crew From the Vigilancia and Several from the City of Memphis Have Not Been Landed—Washington Gets Report.

London, March 19.—The sinking of the American steamships City of Memphis, Illinois and Vigilancia was announced here.

Fourteen men from the Vigilancia are missing, as are some of the men from the City of Memphis.

The crew of the Illinois was landed safely.

The City of Memphis, in ballast from Cardiff for New York, was sunk by a U-boat on March 19. Fifteen men of the crew have been landed at the Selly Islands. A patrol boat has gone in search of the other members of the crew.

Illinois in Ballast. The Illinois, from London for Port Arthur, Tex., in ballast, was sunk at eight o'clock Sunday morning.

The Vigilancia was torpedoed without warning. The submarine did not appear. The captain, first and second mates; first, second and third engineers and 23 men of the crew have been landed at the Selly Islands. The fourth engineer and 13 men are missing.

Carried Crew of Fifty. The City of Memphis carried a crew of about fifty officers and men, virtually all American-born citizens or Americans by naturalization.

The captain, three mates and chief engineer and three assistants and the steward were Americans by birth. Most of the crew were born in Norway and the fireman in Portugal or Spain, but had taken out final citizenship papers in the United States.

The cook was an American negro. Captain Borun of the City of Memphis was a Virginian.

The vessel was owned by the Ocean Steamship company of Savannah, Ga. It was chartered to the Havre, France, with cotton. It arrived there on February 6 and word was received here by owners of the departure for Cardiff to take on bunker coal for her voyage toward New York.

The City of Memphis was of 5,232 tons gross. It was 377 feet long, 42 feet of beam and was built in Chester, Pa., in 1902.

Washington Told of Attacks. Washington, March 19.—The official information received here today of American vessels by submarines in the barred zone reached the state department from Consul Frost at Queens-town and told of the sinking of the City of Memphis. It read:

"American steamer City of Memphis, Cardiff to New York, sunk by German submarine on March 19th inst. 55 miles south of Fastnet."

"Fifteen survivors landed at Hull, 7 n. m. today."

"Thirty-four additional survivors are on admiralty vessel, which continues search for eight missing."

"Will land Baltimore, Ireland."

Consul General Skinner at London cabled the department a longer report on the sinking of the three ships in which he said:

"American steamer City of Memphis, Cardiff to New York, reported sunk. Some of crew landed. Patrol boat gone to pick up rest. American steamer Illinois, London to Port Arthur, reported sunk. American steamer Vigilancia reported torpedoed without warning."

Consul General Skinner's report was believed to refer to the Vigilancia.

Illinois Was Tankship. New York, March 19.—The Illinois was a tank steamship owned by the Texas company of New York. It sailed from Port Arthur February 17 for London. Marine records do not chronicle the arrival or departure from London.

The Illinois was of 5,232 tons gross. It was 377 feet long, 42 feet of beam, and was built in Chester, Pa., in 1902.

The steamship Vigilancia, owned by Walker, Armstrong & Co. of Savannah, sailed from New York for the Azores and Havre on February 23, according to latest marine records. It was 4,115 tons gross, a freighter, 320 feet long, 45 feet of beam. It was built in Chester, Pa., in 1890.

In Transport Service. The City of Memphis had an interesting career. In May, 1914, during the crisis in the affairs between Mexico and the United States it was hurriedly prepared for transport service while at Boston and was chartered by the government. On May 14 it sailed from New York under orders to proceed to Galveston to take on stores for American troops occupying Vera Cruz.

After the war began the City of Memphis was ordered fitted out for trans-Atlantic transport service, with orders to proceed to Europe to bring home Americans stranded there.

The City of Memphis was formerly in the service of the Savannah line.

Weather Bureau's Good Work. The summer season of 1913 and 1914 were characterized by almost the complete absence of destructive tropical hurricanes which generally frequent the waters of the Caribbean sea and gulf regions. In 1915, however, two severe storms passed over this region, and the observations and reports obtained from stations enabled the United States weather bureau to give timely warnings of the occurrence and progress of these destructive storms, resulting, it is believed, in great saving of life and property.

Cat Frightened Marine Recruit. New York.—William James, an accepted recruit for the United States Marine corps, was rejected in New York city when he became frightened at a cat in the recruiting office. James is a native of Fremont, O.

From \$12 a Week to \$20,000 a Year. Kenosha, Wis.—Seven years ago Jim Ferris was an ordinary butler in the plant of the Simmons Manufacturing company here. A few days ago he was named general superintendent of the plant at \$20,000 a year.

## PRESIDENT ACTS TO FIGHT U-BOATS

Wilson Orders Work on Warships Rushed.

TO COST ABOUT \$115,000,000

Action Is Deemed the First Official Move to Show That National Emergency Exists—Submarine Chasers to Be Equipped First.

Washington, March 20.—"Whatever the navy can do, it will," declared Secretary Daniels. "More than that I would not like to say at this time."

Wilson Orders Navy Prepared. In the national emergency which has been precipitated by ruthless German destruction of American ships, President Wilson is making intensive preparations for the defense of the country and its rights.

No longer in official circles is there any thought that the German government has any intention of even superficially respecting American life and American property. That government has thrown off all pretense and openly and avowedly is committing acts of war against the United States. That these acts are of the "overt" character which the president declared this nation would not tolerate is admitted by the authorities.



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The Viroqua Censor bemoans the fact that the tobacco growing section of the state is up against it because of the backwardness of the weather. Several days of damp, foggy weather has been sufficient without injury, and usually January provides this kind of weather. However, it was not so this season, and thousands of dollars worth of the weed is still hanging in the sheds and the tobacco warehouses are idle for lack of leaf to sort and size.

**Tombak Lumber Company:** The C. A. Good-year Lumber Company is making plans for the removal of their plant from this city to some point in the southern state, where the lumber interests. Mr. Lamont Rowlands and other members of the company are in the south at the present time and on their return the plant will be definitely known. It is expected that the mill will continue in operation here for a short time and it will require several months at the removal of the plant to the new location. The company recently sold their large stock of fuel and disposed of their interests in the electric light plant. It is reported that they have sold what remained of their timber on the Wisconsin-Michigan line, from which the mill is now supplied.

**Thomas, Jones, and Burton** and James Robinette, woodsmen, from Breathitt county, Kentucky, are in jail at Crandon as the result of a shooting at Crandonville, the depot at Nashville. The Robinette brothers gave themselves up after walking 10 miles from Crandonville to Nashville. They say they killed Jones in self defense after he had threatened them with a knife and revolver. James Robinette and the other two were shot and stabbed. Much excitement reigned in Nashville following the shooting and the authorities here have been busy trying to further trouble. Jones' death is alleged to have been the result of a dispute over wages. James Robinette and his brothers for a long time have been in the city. Jones is reported to have disputed, claiming that he owed his brothers only five dollars. The dispute caused a fight in which a gun was brought into play resulting fatally to Jones. Jones county is a well known logging county and is the center of the firm of Jones & Rogers, —thineader New North.

When a resident of Dubuque, Iowa, wears a fur coat and rubber boots, walked hurriedly to his garage on a cold morning recently, he did not realize that he was in a serious predicament. A dangerous amount of electricity in his body. But the fact was that the friction of his arms against the coat caused a certain amount of static electricity to be generated, and this was stored in the man's body because it was insulated from the ground by his rubber boots. When he tried to prime the motor of his car with a mixture of gasoline and ether, using a metal spark can—probably of copper, which is a good conductor of electricity—the current—the can was brought so close to the motor that a spark was produced between it and the priming cup. The spark threw the flaming liquid over both man and car. The man escaped with severe burns, but the car was lost. From the March Popular Mechanics Magazine.

A number of special institutes for practical potato growers will be staged in the "potato belt" of Wisconsin during the next six weeks. Late last month, the director of Wisconsin farmers' institutes, announces that at these conferences field problems and methods of solving them will be discussed. The experience to be necessary in obtaining good yields of this expensive luxury of the present season will be discussed and demonstrated. The meetings will be conducted by local committees, assisted jointly by the departments of farm management and agriculture, and the Wisconsin Potato Growers' association.

The first program will be given at Oshkosh, Wis., on Oct. 1, by H. C. Miller, secretary of the State Growers' association, and J. W. Brann, field inspector in the state department of agriculture. The meetings will be held at each place.

Farmers who come to the institute are requested to bring samples of the seed potatoes they are growing this spring. These will be examined for variety-purity and freedom from disease. Suggestions will be given for the best methods of planning the selection and treatment of seed stock, and the organization of local growing and marketing committees. The institute schedule is as follows:

New London, March 17; Shawano, March 22; Oconto, March 23; Amburg, March 24; Gilbert, March 25; Mountain, March 28; Laona, March 30; North Crandon, March 31.

Meetings conducted by J. W. Branz will be held at Reedsburg, March 24; LaVale, March 22, and Necedah, March 23. Mr. Luther will have charge of the institutes at Medina on March 27, and Spring Lake on March 28.

The Wisconsin farmer: "The final statement in this table shows that 49 per cent of the present corn figures which are very encouraging to Wisconsin farmers. Take for example, the value of corn per acre produced in several important corn producing states. The corn produced was worth \$32.40 per acre. While Iowa produced several times as much corn as Wisconsin the value of corn was only \$25.47. This means that every acre put into corn in Wisconsin was worth \$4 more on the average than the average of the other corn producing states. Indiana the average value of corn per acre was only \$25.46 and in Minnesota the average was exactly the same. In Illinois, another great corn state, the value of corn per acre was \$25.20.

We glean from Our Dumb Animals that one of the most strikingly successful denominations of the "good" side to animals means took place in Postoffice Square, Boston, on the Saturday before last Christmas. Throughout the afternoon agents for the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals were kept busy "putting up" dinners for the horses in front of a large Christmas tree. Their Christmas gift consisted of four quarts of oats, a portion of apples and carrots for each of the animals. More than 1000 horses were fed. A hundred bushels of oats, fifty bushels of corn and the same quantity of carrots and apples were served ere the last horse reluctantly resumed his weary journey. The gift was largely experimental; it was made as an object-lesson in kindness to animals; it was humane education.

The members of the Dorcas society met at the home of Rev. and Mrs. J. B. Johnson on Tuesday evening and elected officers for the ensuing year as follows:

Mrs. Arthur Sandet, president.  
Mrs. Carl Oddegard, vice president.  
Miss Mary Olson, secretary.  
Mrs. Johnson was presented with a handsome serving tray and silver bread plate by the members of the society.

Some women may regard a husband as a meal ticket. But it is different with a farmer's wife.

Lincoln Bulletin.  
Grand Rapids, Mich.  
March 12, 1917.  
Regular meeting of the board of education called to order by President J. O. Babcock at 7:40 p. m.  
The following members were present: J. O. Babcock, R. E. Ragan, Scaris, D. E. Ragan, Babcock, Bein, Nord, Johnson, Katch, Mellicke, Natwick, Mrs. B. E. Arpin, Mrs. Sam Church, Mrs. B. E. Brown (41).  
Commissioners Kello and Horton (2).  
The minutes of the regular meeting held on February 12, 1917, were read and approved.  
Mr. Lewis Ocean, local representative of the Travelers' Insurance Company, and Mr. Walter Isom, local representative of the same company, were granted the privilege of presenting a proposition to insure the school property.

Frank Kline, hauling water	
Emerson	\$ 1
Edw. A. Schmidt, repairs	2
Wm. A. Schmidt, repairs	2
Wormington Bros., laundry	2
Paul Crance, shovelling snow	2
Clark & Werle, supplies	2
Wood County Drug Store,	
supplies	5
Adger & Kluge	5
Strick & Lumber Co.	6
Chas. Clipse	6
Chas. Clipse, janitor serv-	
ice	7
Wm. A. Schmidt, laundry	7
S. Gill, paints and glass	7
Orin Doughty, sweeping com-	
plies	7
January and February	
Wood County Telephone Co.,	
rental and tolls	10
Freight and express	
drayage	13
German Richhof, slab work	
Freight and laundry Co.	
hauling and repairs	25

January and February	58
W. Natwick, tables and chairs	63
Cash from C. C. Kentrell	68
Insurance and repairs	70
Gaylor & Scott, boiler insurance, Lincoln	142
Water Works & Lighting Commission, lights and	267
First National Bank, interest February	287
Storring Coal Co., hauling and storing	87
Freight on coal	141
C. C. Bliss Coal Co., coal	602
World Book Company, books	1
Guy & Hildy, hardware	1
Prang Company, books	3
Prang Company, drawing supplies	3
Hys & Bacon, supplementary	8
Bliss & Bacon, gasoline	17
The Chicago Flag & Decorating Co., flags	19
Indiana State Oil Co., oil and soap	59
Chicago Mfg. Co., seats	68
National Heating & Ventilating Co., balance	200
Dr. G. S. Boardley, supplies	22
domestic science	22
Commissioner, John	22
Account by Commissioner Mellich	22
has the bills be allowed as read a	22

The city superintendent reported that in some phases of his observations and experiences while in attendance at the annual meeting of the superintendents N. E. A. at Kansas City, Missouri, February 26th, to March 1st, 1911, he had been repeatedly encountered by Commissioner McElfick and that the superintendent of schools had been instructed to request the mayor to have the law enforced so that the law with reference to truancy was strictly enforced. He stated that he had been attending school for over sixteen years of age to date and that he had been in the habit of working in pool room and in saloons and had been arrested and sentenced to the penitentiary for a short time.

Moved by Commissioner Reeve and seconded by Commissioner McElfick, the proposition of the Travelers' Insurance Company to insure the employees of the Board of Education was adopted.

Moved by Commissioner McElfick and seconded by Commissioner Bain, the proposition of Messrs. F. S. Gill and C. A. Hatch to purchase the services of the members of the local board of industrial education.

Motion to adjourn was then carried.

Signed—  
C. W. SCHWEDE,  
Clerk of Board of Education.

[illegible]

# Early Spring Apparel

Every Wirthmor Waist carries with it a broad sweeping—unconditional guarantee—wear—perfection in, is what you get in every

**Wirthmor \$1.00 Waist**

Only the economies of the plan under which they are made and sold makes this possible—and only in the Wirthmor are such values obtainable.

*New Spring models on sale tomorrow—Sold in just one Good Store in every city*

**Jap Silk Waists \$1.50**—Plain White Jap Silk waists in pretty styles and neatly trimmed, all sizes, each. . . . . **\$1.50**

The new Spring House Dresses are here, and will be on display Friday. We are featuring the "Electric" make with double hems and swatches for mending. The materials are ginghams, percales and indigos, all sizes.

Prices range from  
**95c up to \$2.75**


One of the interesting features of the spring opening is the exhibit of beautiful Millinery.

A visit here reflects the dominant characteristics of millinery styles and assures a woman of individuality and becomingness.

The assortment is now at its best, revealing every variety from the great brimmed hats to the sport hats of gay striped silks.

## A black and white line drawing of a pair of boots. The boot on the left is shown from the side, while the one on the right is shown from the front. The boots have a high, slightly curved shaft with a decorative strap featuring circular buckles. The laces are thick and dark. The sole is thick and textured. The text 'THE WEYENBERG BOOT' is printed on the upper part of the shaft of the boot on the right.

Wet, slushy weather naturally calls for a shoe of exceptional quality in both material and construction. It must be good in every respect to insure you the wear and tear which you naturally expect from a shoe of this kind.

 You will be agreeably surprised at the extremely good quality footwear we are still offering at the following prices:

Men's 10-inch black Chrome Tanned Blucher, welt sewed, double soles, an excellent boot for hrrd service and comfort	.....	\$6.50
A very similar shoe, also in brown	.....	\$6.50
Men's 10-inch brown retanned Blucher for barn yard or farm farm wear, nailed soles, like cut above, all solid ot	.....	\$4.50
A very similar shoe also at	.....	\$4.00
Same shoe in 8-inch heights at	.....	\$3.50
Same shoe in Regular height	.....	\$3.00
Other good values in a variety of styled, leathers and patters from	.....	\$2.50 up

## Don't Spoil Your New Frocks By Wearing an Old Corset!

Warner's  
Guaranteed  
Rust-Proof  
Corsets

*For Spring Are Exhibited Now*

Have your corset fitted this week, so that when you are ready to select the new Spring wardrobe there will be the proper foundation waiting for it.

## The New Models Are Delightful

Featuring just slight, subtle changes that are, nevertheless, important—lines that will charmingly display the fashionable garments for the coming season. Every corset guaranteed.

**From \$1.00 to \$3.00**

3200

3201

3202

3203

## Style, Fit and Service are Guaranteed

You may Search Everywhere—None Can Compare with these beautiful new Spring styles we have prepared for your inspection.

Every Fashion tendency of merit is represented  
Every Fabric of worth is here shown  
Every Fashionable shade and color is used  
Every Figure can be satisfactorily fitted  
Every Taste can be satisfactorily suited  
Every Pocketbook can be accommodated  
Every Woman can find here what she wants  
Every Garment is guaranteed to give satisfaction.

This store is particularly fortunate in showing assortments of the cotton Dress Fabrics which answer so well the call of fashion. We are showing a large collection of high grade fabrics in all the new weaves and colorings and at very interesting prices. Of particular mention are the large plaids and sport stripes, shown in an unusually large variety of nifty patterns and rich colorings so desirable for Junior and Misses' frocks. Also Hawaiian silks and other new weaves are shown in all the new shades. Come in and see them. Main Floor.

Few men dress for themselves alone.  
Unconsciously they consider family, friends and business acquaintances.  
The clothes that win are the clothes that please most people including yourself.

**Styleplus  
Clothes \$17**

not only catch the eye but please in every detail. They have style character that "gets over" with the majority of men, plus other things that a good suit should have—all wool quality, perfect fit, careful tailoring, a plain guarantee of satisfaction.

Also, one thing that no other suit has, a nationally known medium price of \$17.

**Johnson & Hill Co.**  
Grand Rapids, Wis.